

**NICHIA CORPORATION**

## **SPECIFICATIONS FOR WHITE LED**

### **NVSW309AT**

- Pb-free Reflow Soldering Application
- Built-in ESD Protection Device
- RoHS Compliant



## SPECIFICATIONS

### (1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Item                      | Symbol    | Absolute Maximum Rating | Unit |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|------|
| Forward Current           | $I_F$     | 2000                    | mA   |
| Pulse Forward Current     | $I_{FP}$  | 2400                    | mA   |
| Allowable Reverse Current | $I_R$     | 85                      | mA   |
| Power Dissipation         | $P_D$     | 6.6                     | W    |
| Operating Temperature     | $T_{opr}$ | -40~100                 | °C   |
| Storage Temperature       | $T_{stg}$ | -40~100                 | °C   |
| Junction Temperature      | $T_J$     | 150                     | °C   |

\* Absolute Maximum Ratings at  $T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

\*  $I_{FP}$  conditions with pulse width  $\leq 10\text{ms}$  and duty cycle  $\leq 10\%$ .

\* For  $I_F$  and  $I_{FP}$ , see the "DERATING CHARACTERISTICS" of this specification.

## (2) Initial Electrical/Optical Characteristics

| Item                     |                                                     | Symbol          | Condition           | Typ    | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------|-----|------|
| Forward Voltage          |                                                     | $V_F$           | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 3.02   | -   | V    |
|                          |                                                     |                 | $I_F=700\text{mA}$  | 2.93   | -   |      |
| R70                      | Luminous Flux<br>(Chromaticity Coordinate1)         | $\Phi_v$        | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 474    | -   | lm   |
|                          |                                                     |                 | $I_F=700\text{mA}$  | 332    | -   |      |
|                          | Luminous Intensity<br>(Chromaticity Coordinate1)    | $I_v$           | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 126    | -   | cd   |
|                          |                                                     |                 | $I_F=700\text{mA}$  | 88     | -   |      |
|                          | Color Rendering Index<br>(Chromaticity Coordinate1) | $R_a$           | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 73     | -   | -    |
| Chromaticity Coordinate1 | x                                                   | -               | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 0.3818 | -   | -    |
|                          | y                                                   | -               | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 0.3797 | -   | -    |
| R8000                    | Luminous Flux<br>(Chromaticity Coordinate2)         | $\Phi_v$        | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 415    | -   | lm   |
|                          |                                                     |                 | $I_F=700\text{mA}$  | 291    | -   |      |
|                          | Luminous Intensity<br>(Chromaticity Coordinate2)    | $I_v$           | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 114    | -   | cd   |
|                          |                                                     |                 | $I_F=700\text{mA}$  | 78     | -   |      |
|                          | Color Rendering Index<br>(Chromaticity Coordinate2) | $R_a$           | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 83     | -   | -    |
| Chromaticity Coordinate2 | x                                                   | -               | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 0.4073 | -   | -    |
|                          | y                                                   | -               | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 0.3917 | -   | -    |
| R70                      | Luminous Flux<br>(Chromaticity Coordinate3)         | $\Phi_v$        | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 480    | -   | lm   |
|                          |                                                     |                 | $I_F=700\text{mA}$  | 336    | -   |      |
|                          | Luminous Intensity<br>(Chromaticity Coordinate3)    | $I_v$           | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 127    | -   | cd   |
|                          |                                                     |                 | $I_F=700\text{mA}$  | 89     | -   |      |
|                          | Color Rendering Index<br>(Chromaticity Coordinate3) | $R_a$           | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 73     | -   | -    |
| R8000                    | Luminous Flux<br>(Chromaticity Coordinate3)         | $\Phi_v$        | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 415    | -   | lm   |
|                          |                                                     |                 | $I_F=700\text{mA}$  | 291    | -   |      |
|                          | Luminous Intensity<br>(Chromaticity Coordinate3)    | $I_v$           | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 114    | -   | cd   |
|                          |                                                     |                 | $I_F=700\text{mA}$  | 78     | -   |      |
|                          | Color Rendering Index<br>(Chromaticity Coordinate3) | $R_a$           | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 83     | -   | -    |
| Chromaticity Coordinate3 | x                                                   | -               | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 0.3447 | -   | -    |
|                          | y                                                   | -               | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 0.3553 | -   | -    |
| Thermal Resistance       |                                                     | $R_{\theta JS}$ | -                   | 3      | 4   | °C/W |

\* Characteristics at  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

\* Optical Characteristics as per CIE 127:2007 standard.

\* Chromaticity Coordinates as per CIE 1931 Chromaticity Chart.

\*  $R_{\theta JS}$  is the thermal resistance from the junction to the  $T_S$  measurement point.\*  $R_{\theta JS}$  is measured using the Dynamic Mode detailed in JESD51-1.

## RANKS

| Item                  | Rank   |       | Condition           | Min | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------|--------|-------|---------------------|-----|-----|------|
| Forward Voltage       | M1     |       | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 3.1 | 3.3 | V    |
|                       | L2     |       |                     | 2.9 | 3.1 |      |
|                       | L1     |       |                     | 2.7 | 2.9 |      |
| Luminous Flux         | D480f2 |       | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 480 | 520 | lm   |
|                       | D440f2 |       |                     | 440 | 480 |      |
|                       | D400f2 |       |                     | 400 | 440 |      |
|                       | D360f2 |       |                     | 360 | 400 |      |
|                       | D320f2 |       |                     | 320 | 360 |      |
| Color Rendering Index | R70    | $R_a$ | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | 70  | -   | -    |
|                       | R8000  | $R_a$ |                     | 80  | -   | -    |
|                       |        | $R_9$ |                     | 0   | -   | -    |

Color Ranks( $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ )

The color rank has a chromaticity range within a 3-step MacAdam ellipse.

|                                |          | Rank<br>sm273 | Rank<br>sm303 | Rank<br>sm353 | Rank<br>sm403 | Rank<br>sm453 | Rank<br>sm503 |
|--------------------------------|----------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Color Temperature<br>(Unit: K) | $T_{CP}$ | 2700          | 3000          | 3500          | 4000          | 4500          | 5000          |
| Center Point                   | x        | 0.4578        | 0.4338        | 0.4073        | 0.3818        | 0.3611        | 0.3447        |
|                                | y        | 0.4101        | 0.4030        | 0.3917        | 0.3797        | 0.3658        | 0.3553        |
| Minor Axis                     | a        | 0.004056      | 0.004107      | 0.004098      | 0.004071      | 0.003852      | 0.003555      |
| Major Axis                     | b        | 0.007872      | 0.008391      | 0.008796      | 0.009282      | 0.009009      | 0.008418      |
| Ellipse Rotation Angle         | $\Phi$   | -36.05        | -36.00        | -35.47        | -35.95        | -34.33        | -31.78        |

|                                |          | Rank<br>sm573 | Rank<br>sm653 |
|--------------------------------|----------|---------------|---------------|
| Color Temperature<br>(Unit: K) | $T_{CP}$ | 5700          | 6500          |
| Center Point                   | x        | 0.3287        | 0.3123        |
|                                | y        | 0.3417        | 0.3282        |
| Minor Axis                     | a        | 0.003087      | 0.002709      |
| Major Axis                     | b        | 0.007809      | 0.006561      |
| Ellipse Rotation Angle         | $\Phi$   | -31.56        | -32.35        |

The color rank has a chromaticity range within a 5-step MacAdam ellipse.

|                                |          | Rank<br>sm275 | Rank<br>sm305 | Rank<br>sm355 | Rank<br>sm405 | Rank<br>sm455 | Rank<br>sm505 |
|--------------------------------|----------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Color Temperature<br>(Unit: K) | $T_{CP}$ | 2700          | 3000          | 3500          | 4000          | 4500          | 5000          |
| Center Point                   | x        | 0.4578        | 0.4338        | 0.4073        | 0.3818        | 0.3611        | 0.3447        |
|                                | y        | 0.4101        | 0.4030        | 0.3917        | 0.3797        | 0.3658        | 0.3553        |
| Minor Axis                     | a        | 0.006760      | 0.006845      | 0.006830      | 0.006785      | 0.006420      | 0.005925      |
| Major Axis                     | b        | 0.013120      | 0.013985      | 0.014660      | 0.015470      | 0.015015      | 0.014030      |
| Ellipse Rotation Angle         | $\Phi$   | -36.05        | -36.00        | -35.47        | -35.95        | -34.33        | -31.78        |

|                                |                 | Rank<br>sm575 | Rank<br>sm655 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Color Temperature<br>(Unit: K) | T <sub>CP</sub> | 5700          | 6500          |
| Center Point                   | x               | 0.3287        | 0.3123        |
|                                | y               | 0.3417        | 0.3282        |
| Minor Axis                     | a               | 0.005145      | 0.004515      |
| Major Axis                     | b               | 0.013015      | 0.010935      |
| Ellipse Rotation Angle         | Φ               | -31.56        | -32.35        |

The color rank has a chromaticity range within a 7-step MacAdam ellipse.

|                                |                 | Rank<br>sm277 | Rank<br>sm307 | Rank<br>sm357 | Rank<br>sm407 | Rank<br>sm457 | Rank<br>sm507 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Color Temperature<br>(Unit: K) | T <sub>CP</sub> | 2700          | 3000          | 3500          | 4000          | 4500          | 5000          |
| Center Point                   | x               | 0.4578        | 0.4338        | 0.4073        | 0.3818        | 0.3611        | 0.3447        |
|                                | y               | 0.4101        | 0.4030        | 0.3917        | 0.3797        | 0.3658        | 0.3553        |
| Minor Axis                     | a               | 0.009464      | 0.009583      | 0.009562      | 0.009499      | 0.008988      | 0.008295      |
| Major Axis                     | b               | 0.018368      | 0.019579      | 0.020524      | 0.021658      | 0.021021      | 0.019642      |
| Ellipse Rotation Angle         | Φ               | -36.05        | -36.00        | -35.47        | -35.95        | -34.33        | -31.78        |

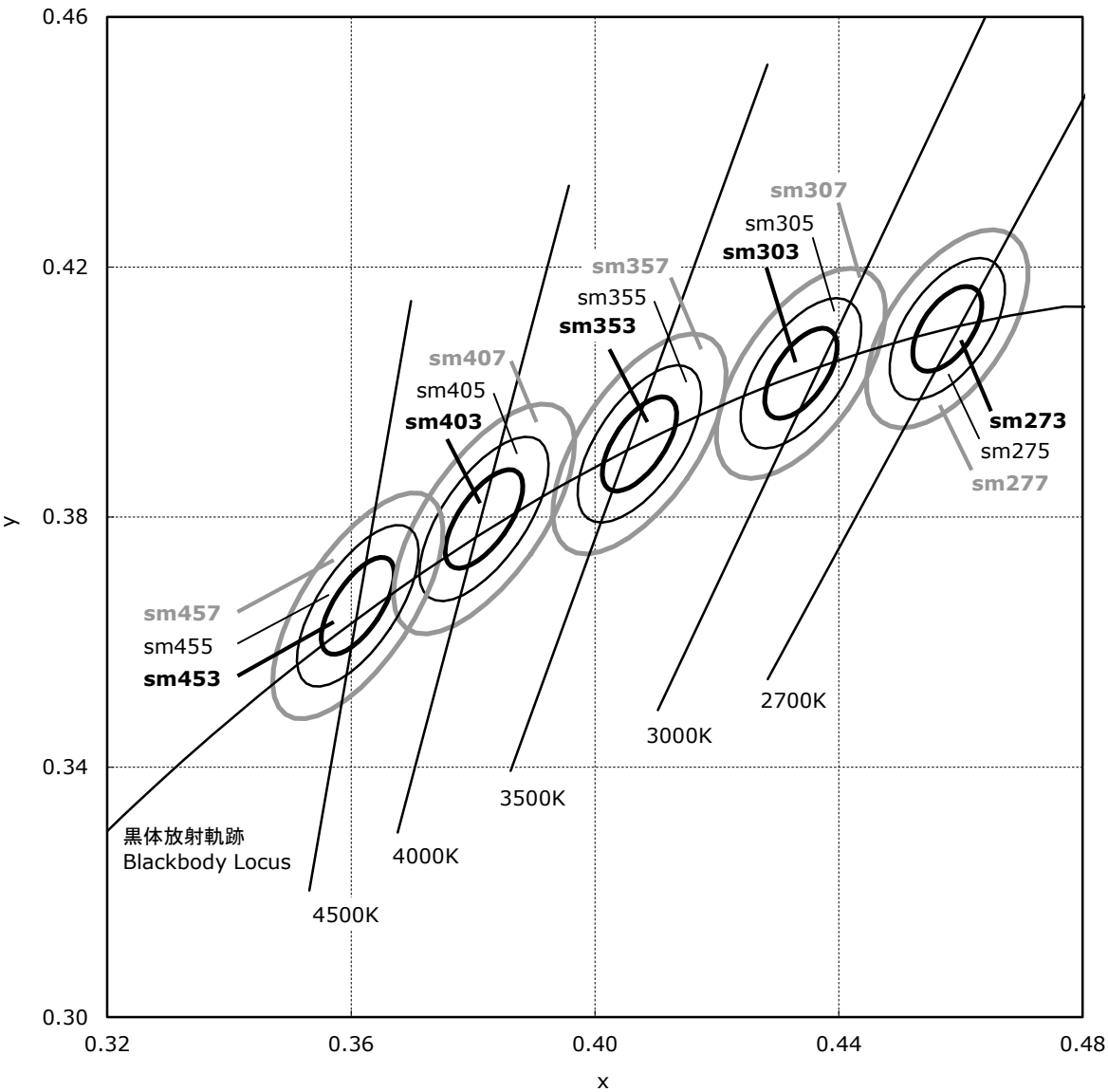
|                                |                 | Rank<br>sm577 | Rank<br>sm657 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Color Temperature<br>(Unit: K) | T <sub>CP</sub> | 5700          | 6500          |
| Center Point                   | x               | 0.3287        | 0.3123        |
|                                | y               | 0.3417        | 0.3282        |
| Minor Axis                     | a               | 0.007203      | 0.006321      |
| Major Axis                     | b               | 0.018221      | 0.015309      |
| Ellipse Rotation Angle         | Φ               | -31.56        | -32.35        |

- \* Ranking at T<sub>J</sub>=25°C.
  - \* Forward Voltage Tolerance: ±0.05V
  - \* Luminous Flux Tolerance: ±7%
  - \* Color Rendering Index R<sub>a</sub> Tolerance: ±2
  - \* Color Rendering Index R<sub>9</sub> Tolerance: ±6.5
  - \* The R<sub>9</sub> value for the above rank shall be greater than 0.
  - \* Chromaticity Coordinate Tolerance: ±0.005
  - \* LEDs from the above ranks will be shipped.
- The rank combination ratio per shipment will be decided by Nichia.

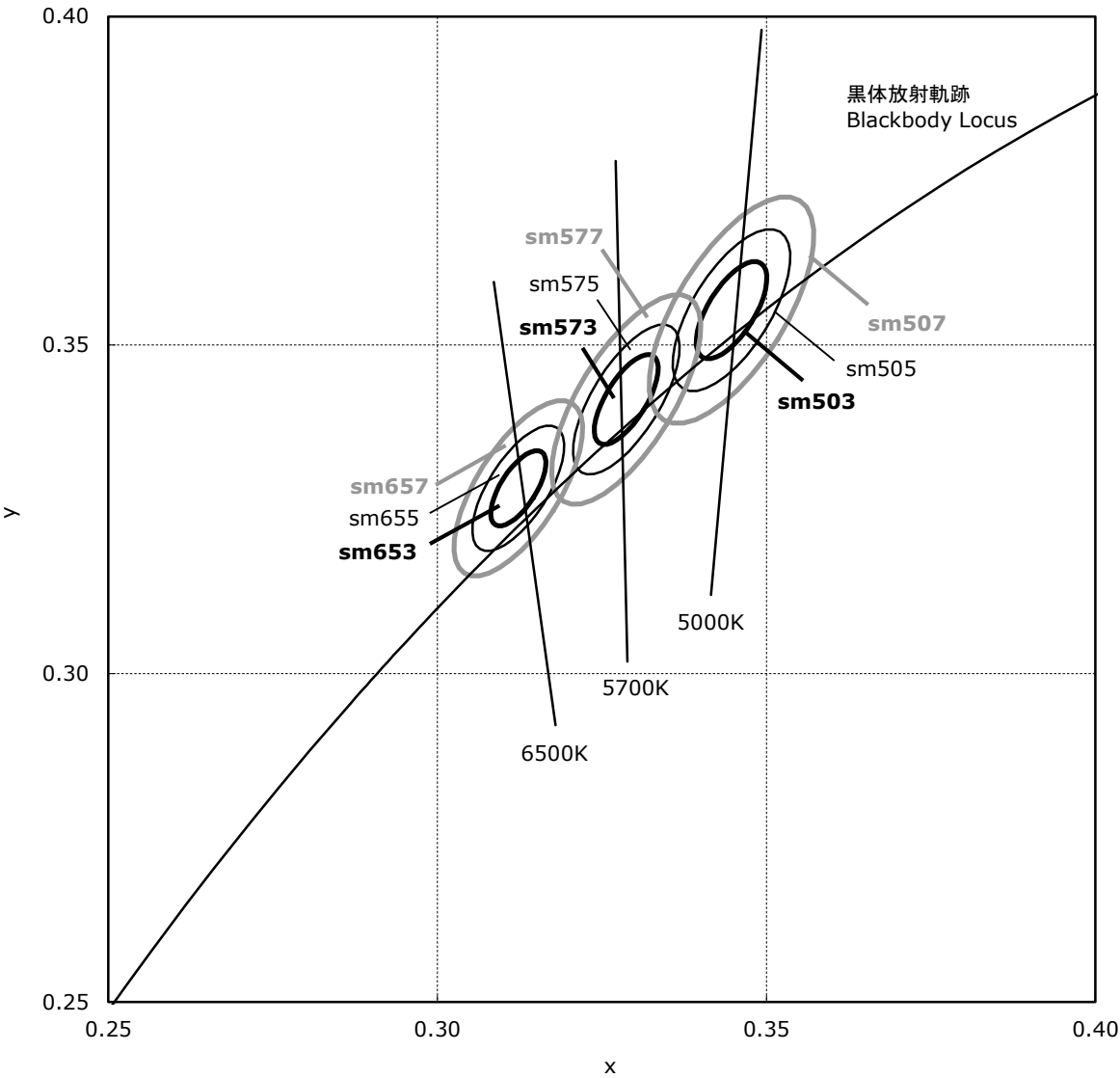
Luminous Flux Ranks by Color Rank, Color Rendering Index Rank

| <div> <div>Ranking by<br/>Color Coordinates,<br/>Color Rendering Index</div> <div>Ranking by<br/>Luminous Flux</div> </div> |       | D320f2 | D360f2 | D400f2 | D440f2 | D480f2 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| sm273,sm275,sm277,<br>sm303,sm305,sm307                                                                                     | R70   |        |        |        |        |        |
|                                                                                                                             | R8000 |        |        |        |        |        |
| sm353,sm355,sm357,<br>sm403,sm405,sm407,<br>sm453,sm455,sm457,<br>sm503,sm505,sm507                                         | R70   |        |        |        |        |        |
|                                                                                                                             | R8000 |        |        |        |        |        |
| sm573,sm575,sm577,<br>sm653,sm655,sm657                                                                                     | R70   |        |        |        |        |        |

CHROMATICITY DIAGRAM



CHROMATICITY DIAGRAM

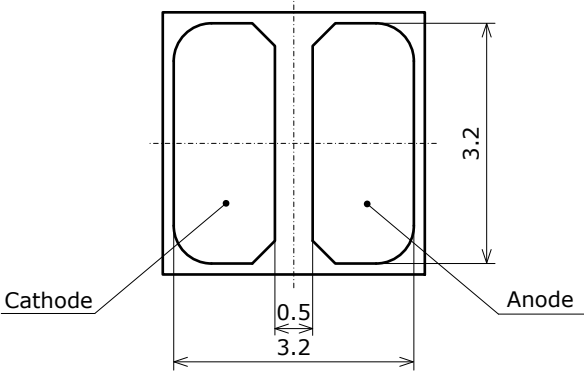
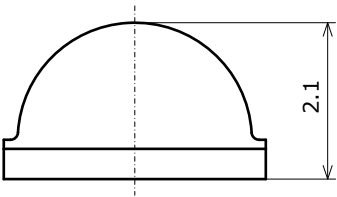
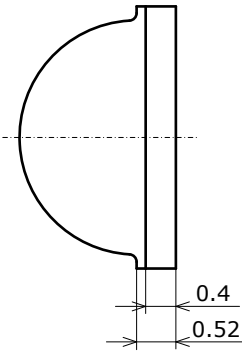
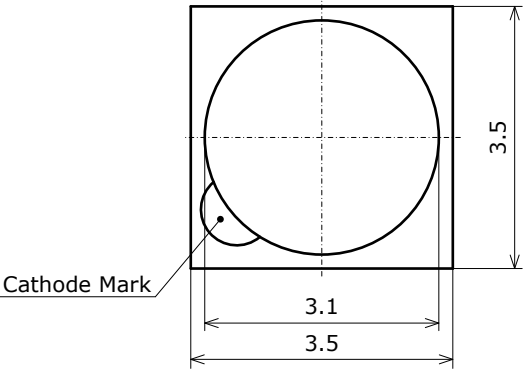


OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

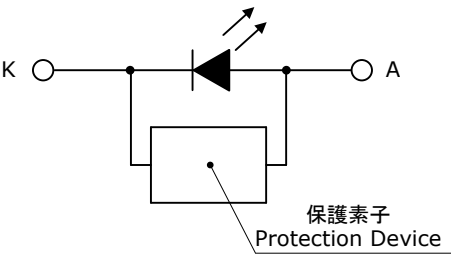
\* 本製品はRoHS指令に適合しております。  
This product complies with RoHS Directive.

NVSW309A  
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10279A

(単位 Unit: mm, 公差 Tolerance: ±0.2)

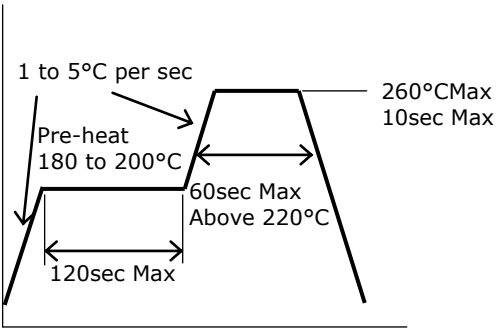


| 項目 Item                             | 内容 Description                                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| パッケージ材質<br>Package Materials        | セラミックス<br>Ceramics                             |
| ブリコート材質<br>Pre-coating<br>Materials | シリコン樹脂(蛍光体入り)<br>Silicone Resin(with phosphor) |
| レンズ材質<br>Lens Materials             | シリコン樹脂<br>Silicone Resin                       |
| 電極材質<br>Electrodes Materials        | 金メッキ<br>Au-plated                              |
| 質量<br>Weight                        | 0.032g(TYP)                                    |



SOLDERING

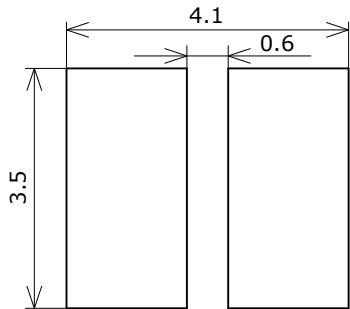
• Recommended Reflow Soldering Condition(Lead-free Solder)



• Recommended Hand Soldering Condition

|                |           |
|----------------|-----------|
| Temperature    | 350°C Max |
| Soldering Time | 3sec Max  |

• Recommended Soldering Pad Pattern

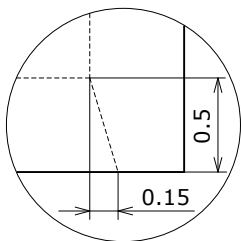
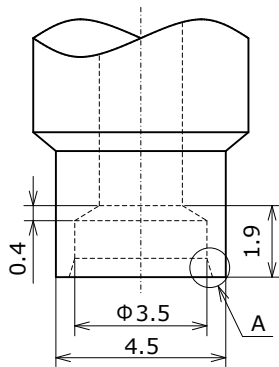


(単位 Unit: mm)

- \* This LED is designed to be reflow soldered on to a PCB. If dip soldered, Nichia cannot guarantee its reliability.
- \* Reflow soldering must not be performed more than twice. Hand soldering must not be performed more than once.
- \* Avoid rapid cooling. Ramp down the temperature gradually from the peak temperature.
- \* Nitrogen reflow soldering is recommended. Air flow soldering conditions can cause optical degradation, caused by heat and/or atmosphere.
- \* This product uses silicone resin for the lens and internal pre-coating resin; the silicone resin is soft. If pressure is applied to the lens, it may cause the lens to be damaged, chipped, and/or delaminated. If the lens is damaged, chipped and/or delaminated, then the internal connections may be damaged and the reliability may decrease. Ensure that pressure is not applied to the lens.
- If an automatic pick and place machine is used for the LEDs, use a pick up nozzle that does not affect the lens.
- Recommended conditions:

Using a nozzle specifically designed for the LEDs is recommended (See the nozzle drawing below).

- \* Ensure that the nozzle does not come in contact with the lens when it picks up an LED.
- If this occurs, it may cause internal disconnection causing the LED not to illuminate.



A部拡大  
Expansion of A

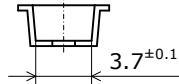
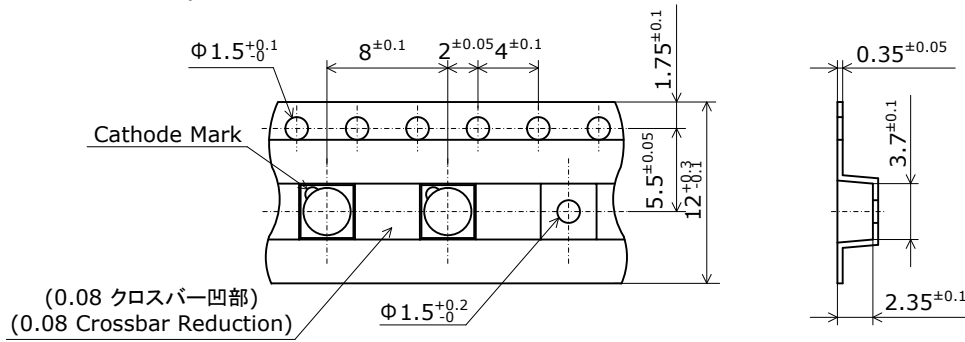
(単位 Unit: mm)

- \* Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used.  
It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- \* When soldering, do not apply stress to the LED while the LED is hot.
- \* The recommended soldering pad pattern is designed for attachment of the LED without problems.  
When precise mounting accuracy is required, such as high-density mounting, ensure that the size and shape of the pad are suitable for the circuit design.
- \* Consider factors such as the reflow soldering temperature, hand soldering temperature, etc. when choosing the solder.
- \* When flux is used, it should be a halogen free flux. Ensure that the manufacturing process is not designed in a manner where the flux will come in contact with the LEDs.
- \* Make sure that there are no issues with the type and amount of solder that is being used.
- \* All of the electrode pads are on the backside of this product; solder connections will not be able to be seen nor confirmed by a normal visual inspection. When using the product, ensure that there are no issues with the soldering conditions.

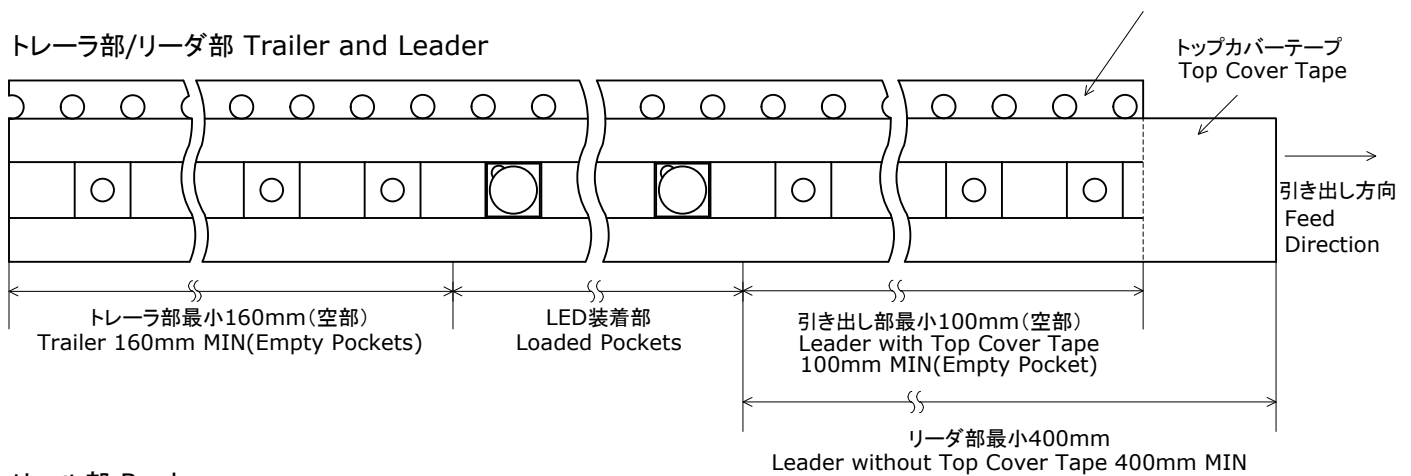
## TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS

## テーピング部 Tape

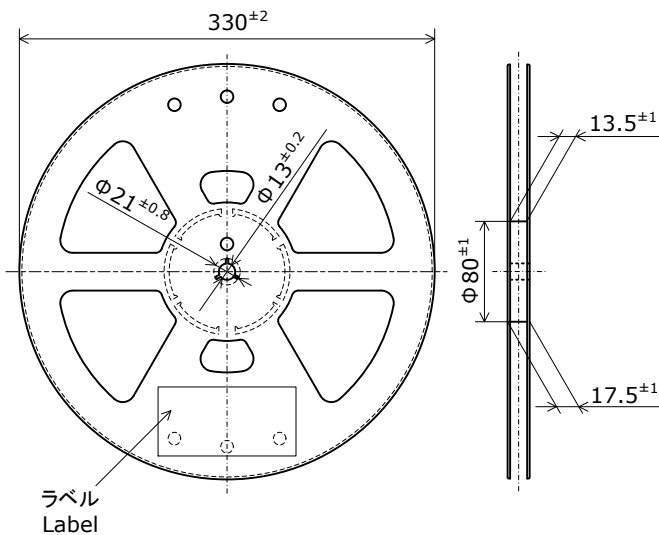
Nxxx309x  
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10280  
(単位 Unit: mm)



## トレーラ部/リーダ部 Trailer and Leader



## リール部 Reel

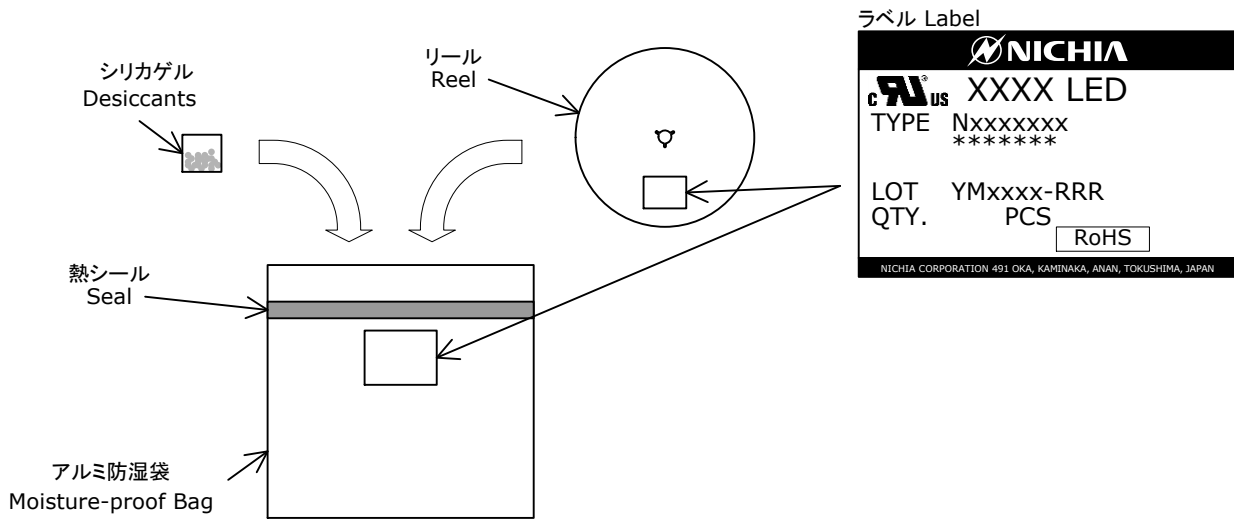


- \* 数量は1リールにつき 3500個入りです。  
Reel Size: 3500pcs
- \* 実装作業の中断などでエンボスキャリアテープをリールに巻き取る場合、エンボスキャリアテープを強く(10N以上)締めないで下さい。  
LEDがカバーテープに貼り付く可能性があります。  
When the tape is rewound due to work interruptions, no more than 10N should be applied to the embossed carrier tape.  
The LEDs may stick to the top cover tape.
- \* JIS C 0806電子部品テーピングに準拠しています。  
The tape packing method complies with JIS C 0806 (Packaging of Electronic Components on Continuous Tapes).

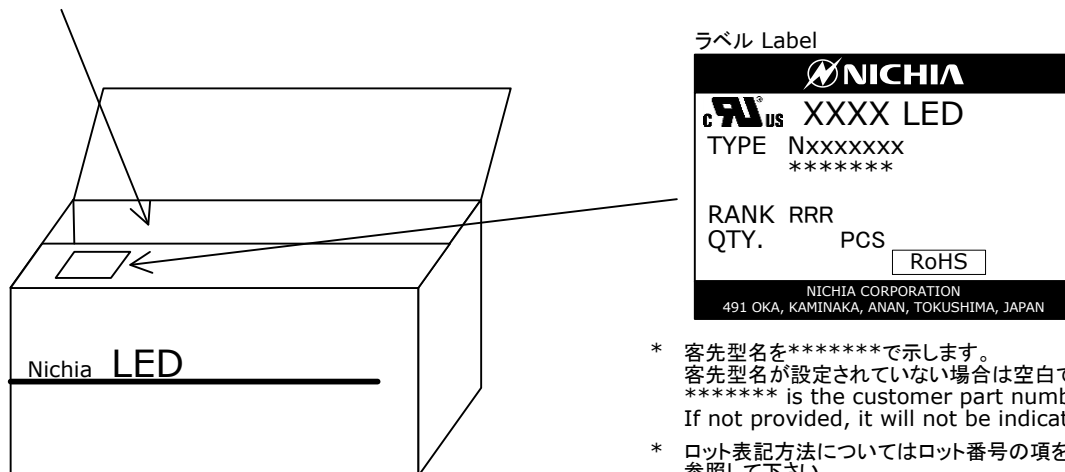
## PACKAGING - TAPE & REEL

シリカゲルとともにリールをアルミ防湿袋に入れ、熱シールにより封をします。  
Reels are shipped with desiccants in heat-sealed moisture-proof bags.

Nxxxxxxx  
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-4989



アルミ防湿袋を並べて入れ、ダンボールで仕切ります。  
Moisture-proof bags are packed in cardboard boxes with corrugated partitions.



- \* 客先型名を\*\*\*\*\*で示します。  
客先型名が設定されていない場合は空白です。  
\*\*\*\*\* is the customer part number.  
If not provided, it will not be indicated on the label.
- \* ロット表記方法についてはロット番号の項を参照して下さい。  
For details, see "LOT NUMBERING CODE" in this document.
- \* ランク分けがない場合はランク表記はありません。  
The label does not have the RANK field for un-ranked products.

- \* 本製品はテーピングしたのち、輸送の衝撃から保護するためダンボールで梱包します。  
Products shipped on tape and reel are packed in a moisture-proof bag.  
They are shipped in cardboard boxes to protect them from external forces during transportation.
- \* 取り扱いに際して、落下させたり、強い衝撃を与えたりしますと、製品を損傷させる原因になりますので注意して下さい。  
Do not drop or expose the box to external forces as it may damage the products.
- \* ダンボールには防水加工がされておきませんので、梱包箱が水に濡れないよう注意して下さい。  
Do not expose to water. The box is not water-resistant.
- \* 輸送、運搬に際して弊社よりの梱包状態あるいは同等の梱包を行って下さい。  
Using the original package material or equivalent in transit is recommended.

## LOT NUMBERING CODE

Lot Number is presented by using the following alphanumeric code.

YMxxxx - RRR

Y - Year

| Year | Y |
|------|---|
| 2015 | F |
| 2016 | G |
| 2017 | H |
| 2018 | I |
| 2019 | J |
| 2020 | K |

M - Month

| Month | M | Month | M |
|-------|---|-------|---|
| 1     | 1 | 7     | 7 |
| 2     | 2 | 8     | 8 |
| 3     | 3 | 9     | 9 |
| 4     | 4 | 10    | A |
| 5     | 5 | 11    | B |
| 6     | 6 | 12    | C |

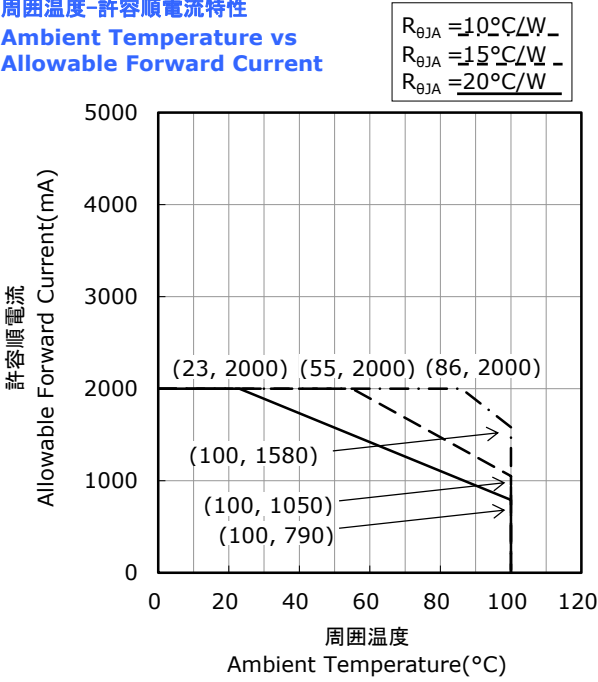
xxxx-Nichia's Product Number

RRR-Ranking by Color Coordinates, Ranking by Luminous Flux, Ranking by Forward Voltage, Ranking by Color Rendering Index

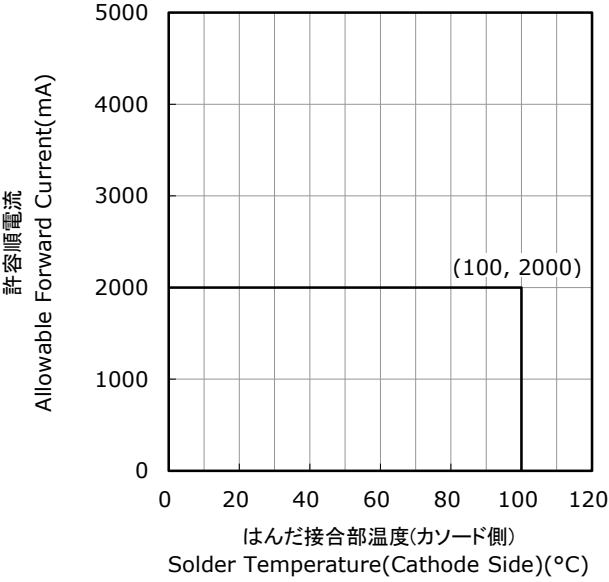
DERATING CHARACTERISTICS

NVSW309A  
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10266

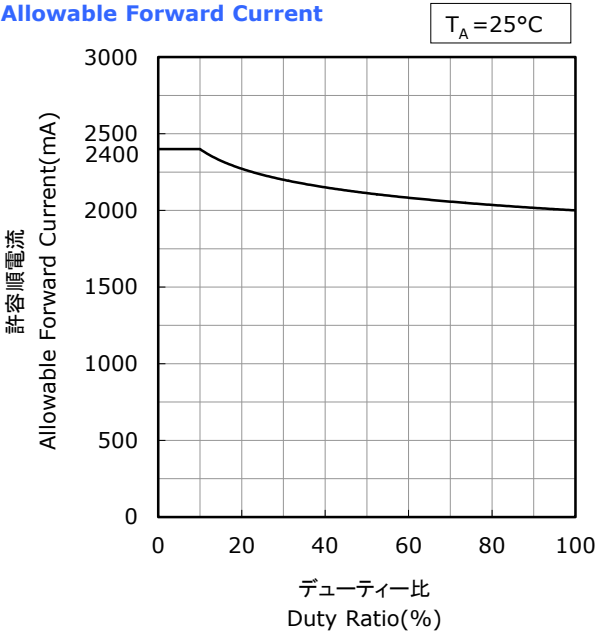
周囲温度-許容順電流特性  
Ambient Temperature vs  
Allowable Forward Current



はんだ接合部温度(カソード側)-許容順電流特性  
Solder Temperature(Cathode Side) vs  
Allowable Forward Current



デューティー比-許容順電流特性  
Duty Ratio vs  
Allowable Forward Current

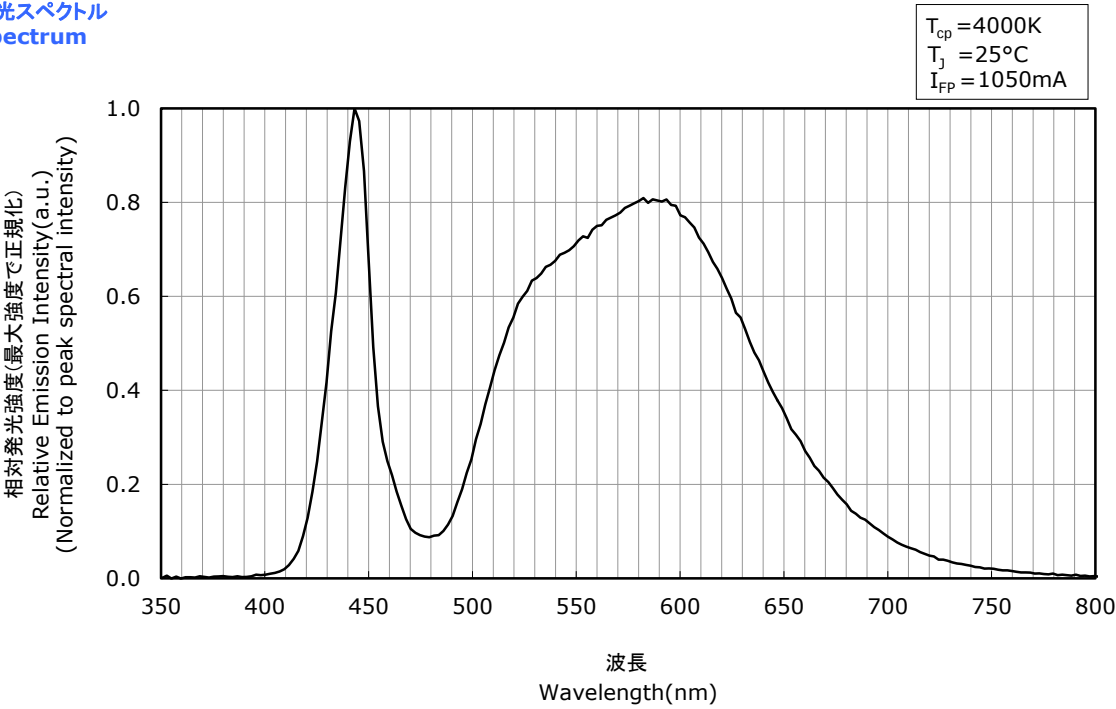


OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

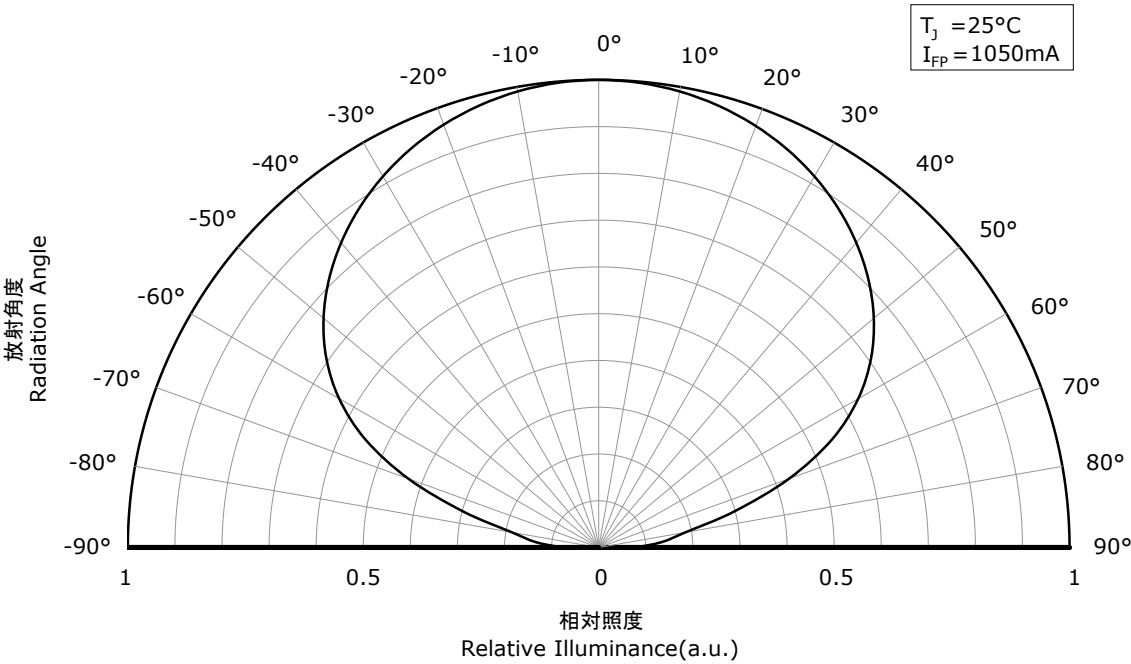
\* 本特性は参考です。  
All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

NVSW309A  
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10267

発光スペクトル  
Spectrum



指向特性  
Directivity



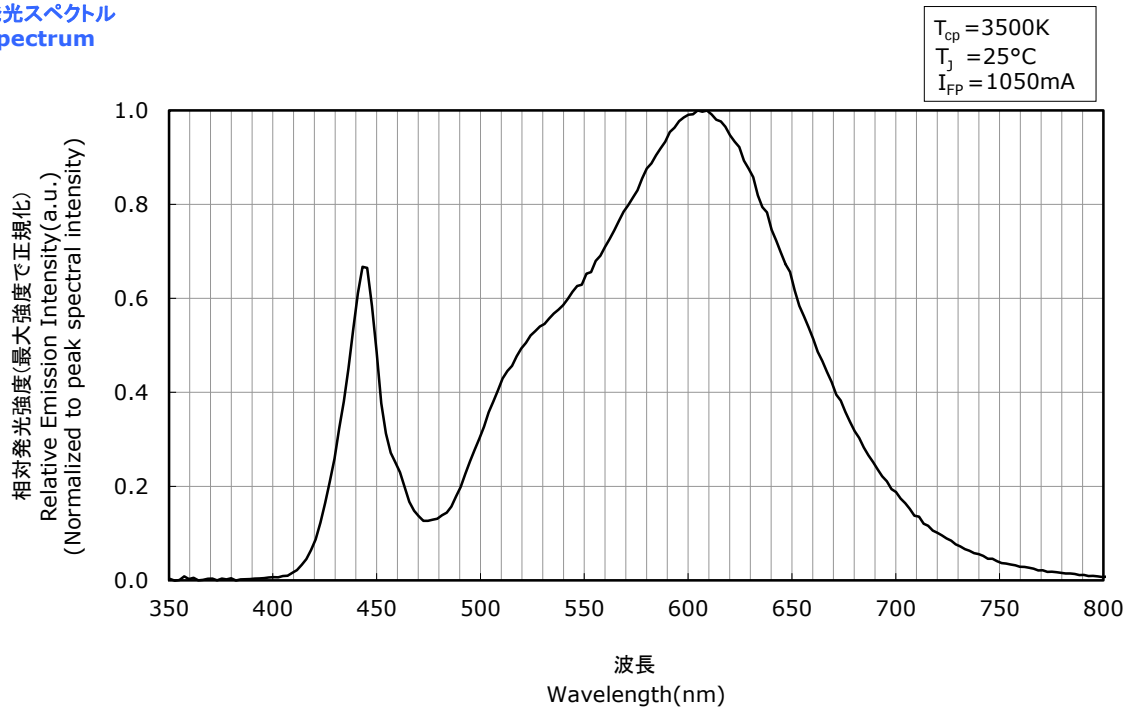
\* 本特性は演色性ランクR70に対応しています。  
The graphs above show the characteristics for R70 LEDs of this product.

## OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

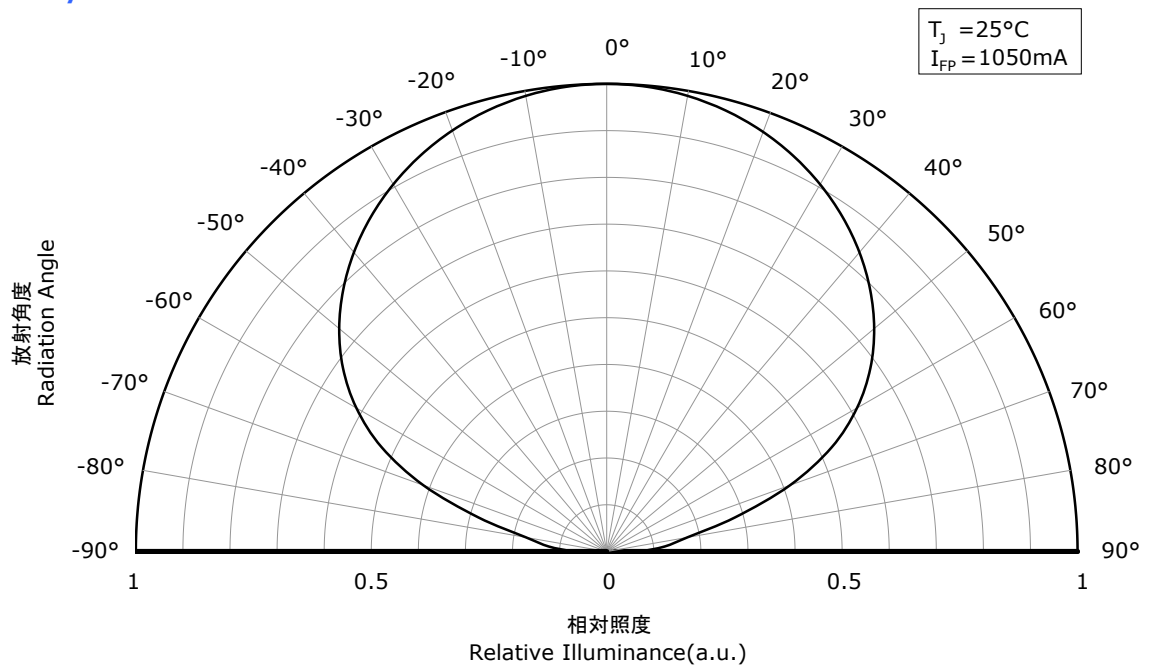
\* 本特性は参考です。  
All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

NVSW309A  
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10268

発光スペクトル  
Spectrum



指向特性  
Directivity



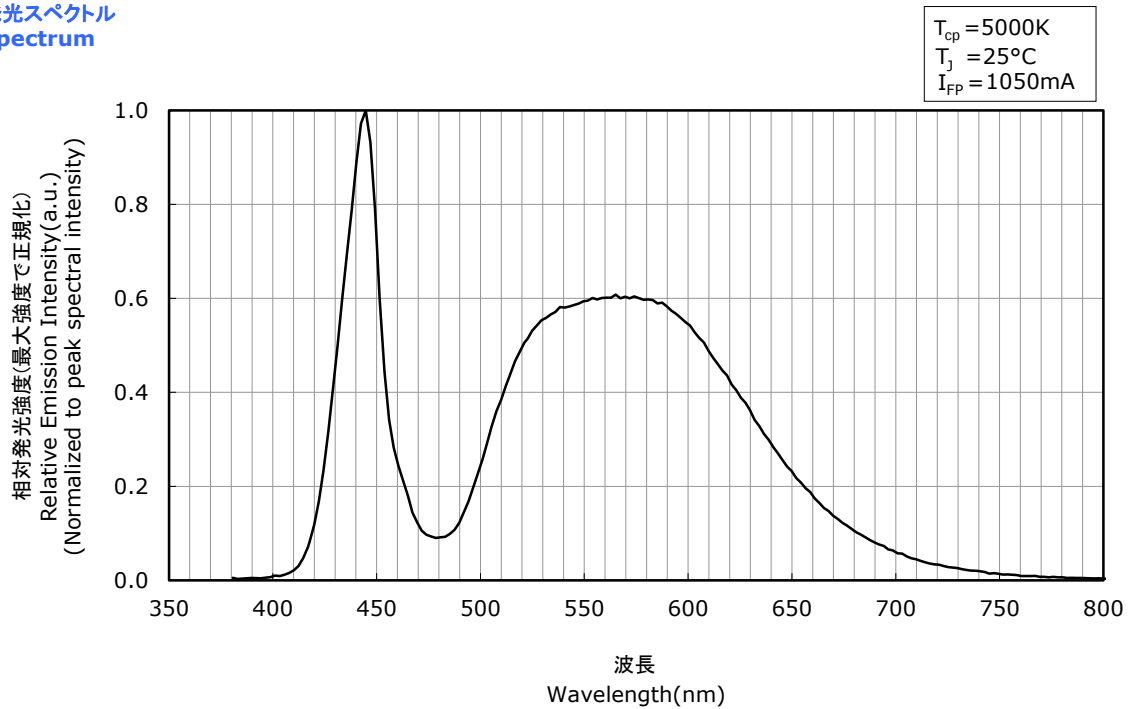
\* 本特性は演色性ランクR8000に対応しています。  
The graphs above show the characteristics for R8000 LEDs of this product.

## OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

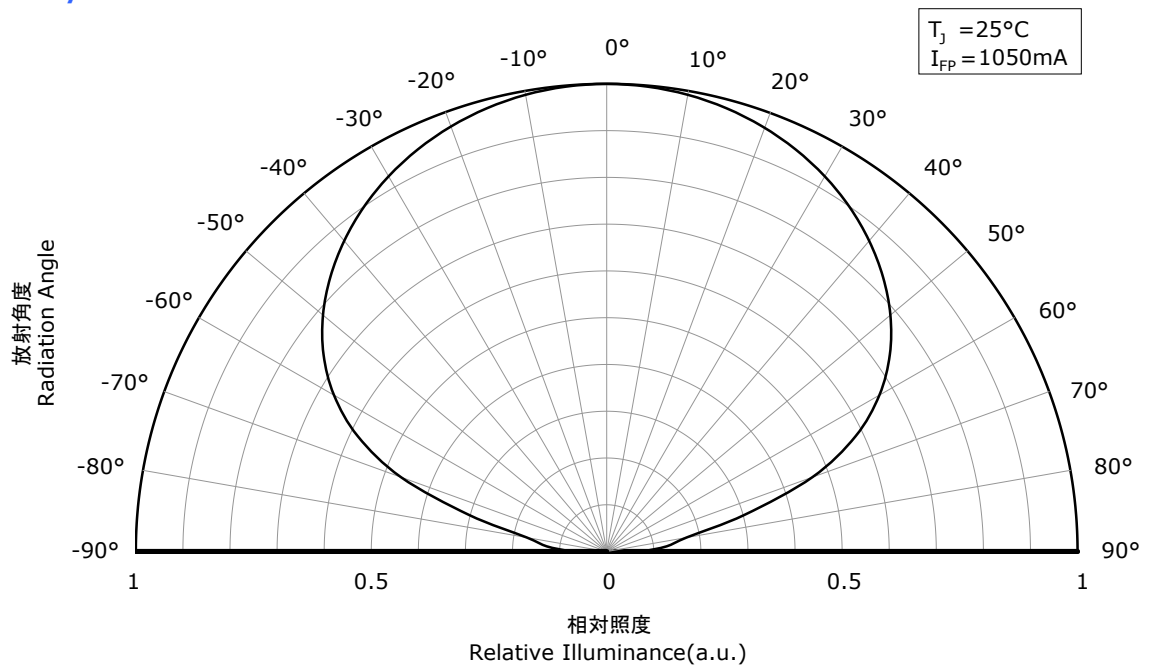
\* 本特性は参考です。  
All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

NVSW309A  
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10269

発光スペクトル  
Spectrum



指向特性  
Directivity



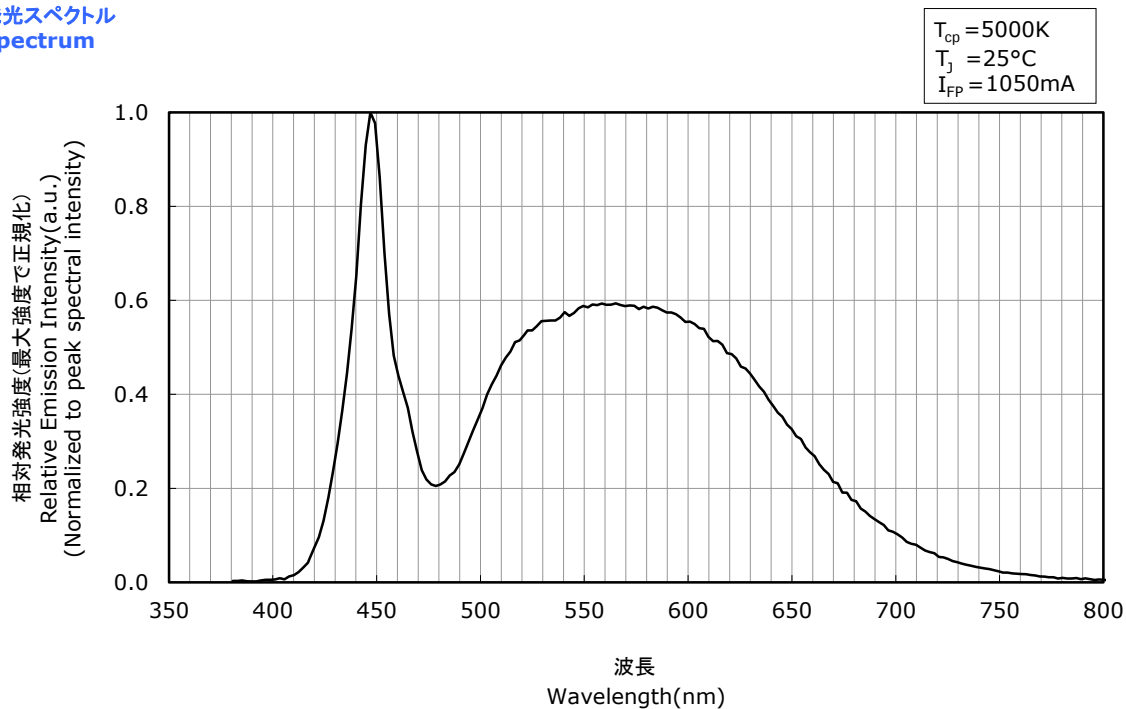
\* 本特性は演色性ランクR70に対応しています。  
The graphs above show the characteristics for R70 LEDs of this product.

## OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

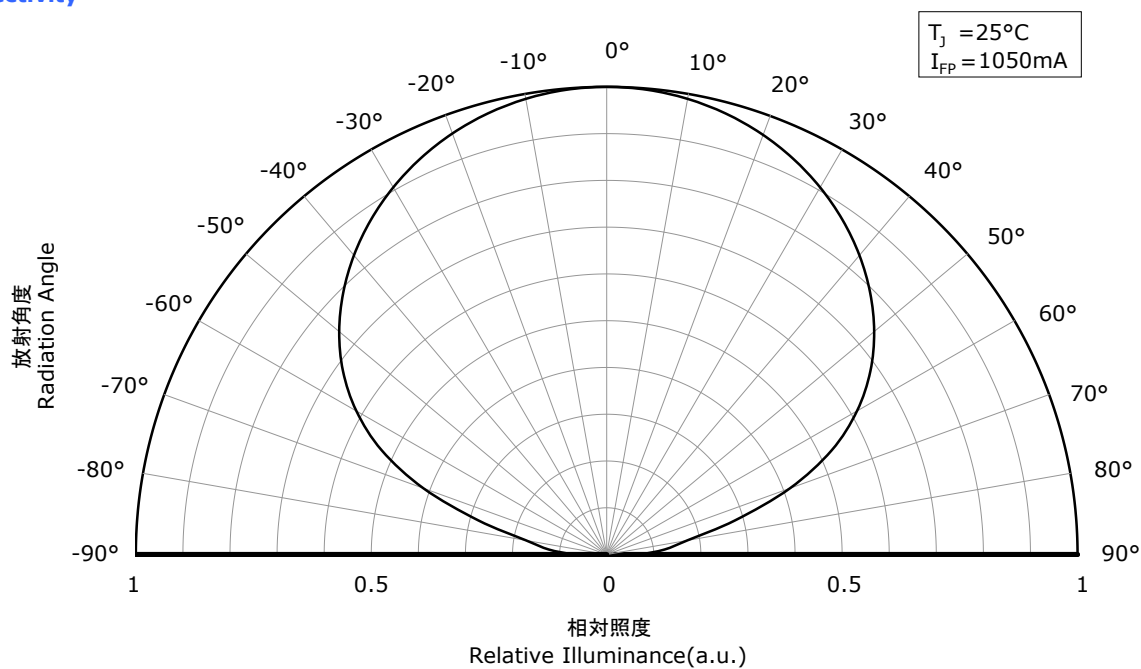
\* 本特性は参考です。  
All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

NVSW309A  
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10270

発光スペクトル  
Spectrum



指向特性  
Directivity



\* 本特性は演色性ランクR8000に対応しています。  
The graphs above show the characteristics for R8000 LEDs of this product.

# FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

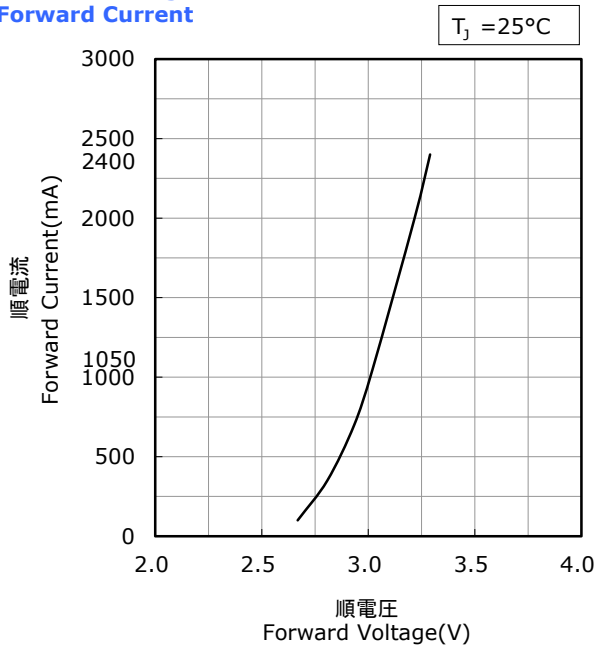
\* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

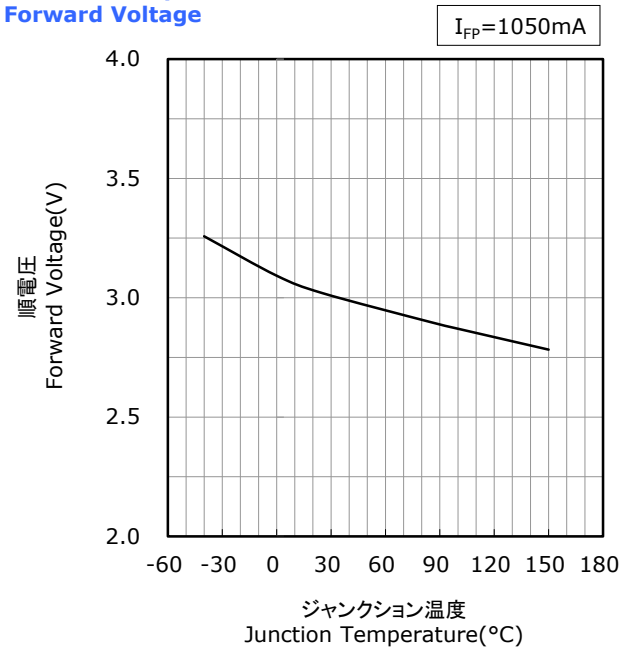
NVSW309A

管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10271

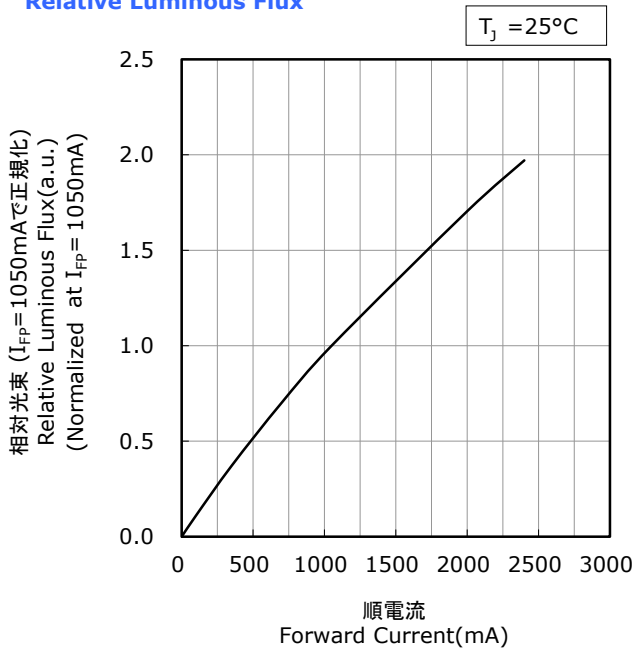
順電圧-順電流特性  
Forward Voltage vs  
Forward Current



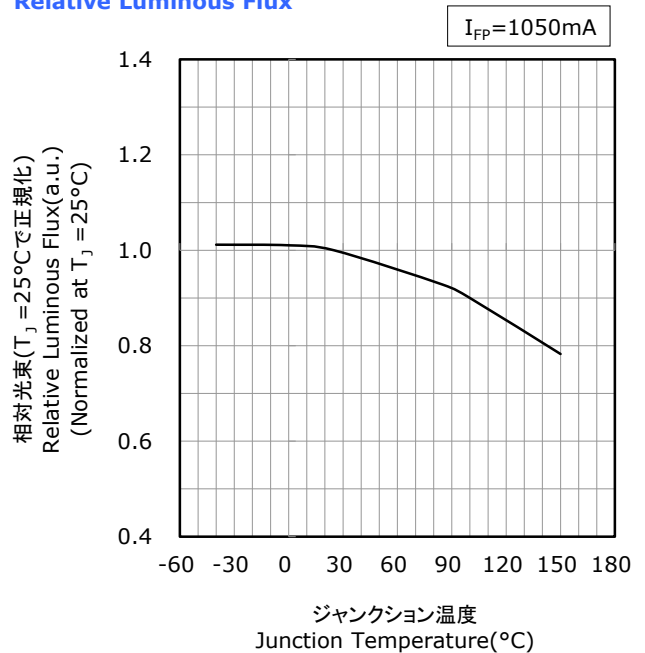
ジャンクション温度-順電圧特性  
Junction Temperature vs  
Forward Voltage



順電流-相対光束特性  
Forward Current vs  
Relative Luminous Flux



ジャンクション温度-相対光束特性  
Junction Temperature vs  
Relative Luminous Flux



\* 本特性は色度ランクsm27x、sm30x、sm35x、sm40x、sm45x(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)、演色性ランクR70 に対応しています。

The graphs above show the characteristics for sm27x, sm30x, sm35x, sm40x, sm45x, R70 LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.

# FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

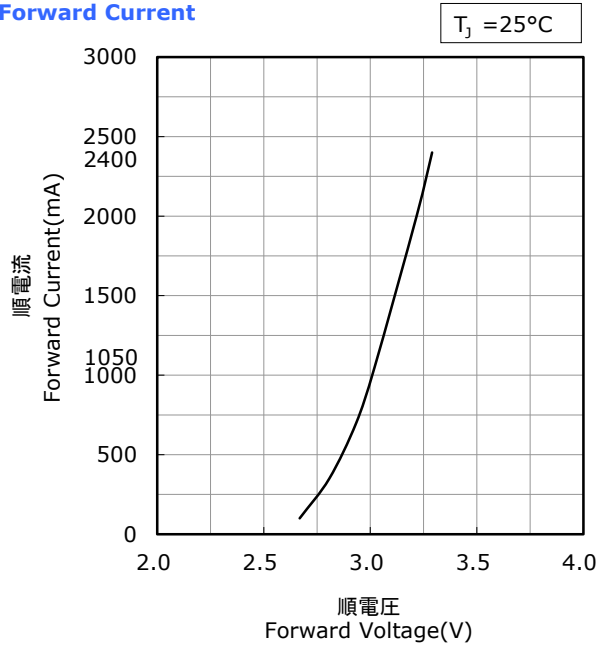
\* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

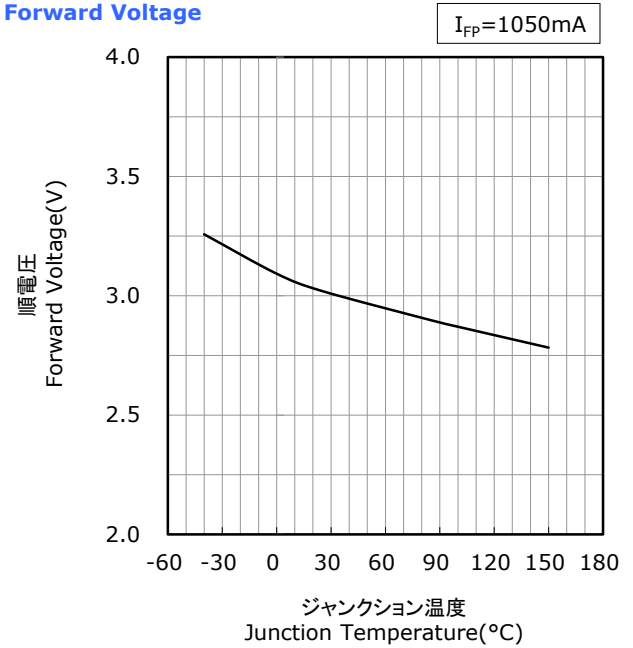
NVSW309A

管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10272

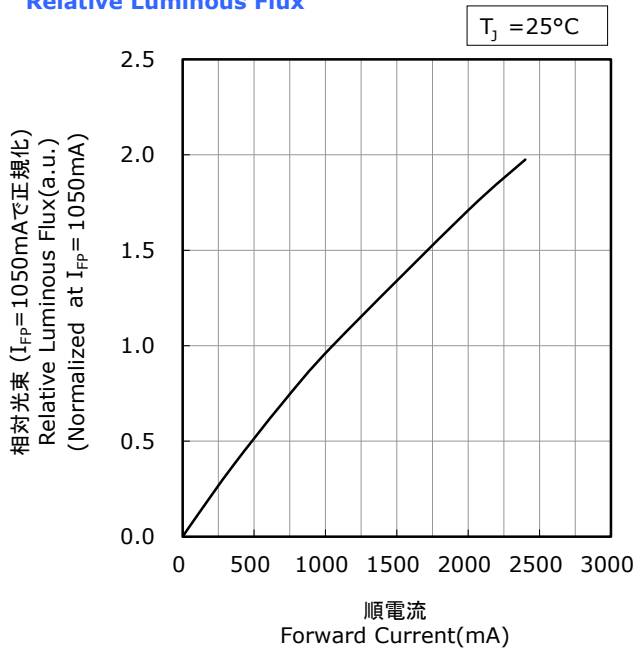
順電圧-順電流特性  
Forward Voltage vs  
Forward Current



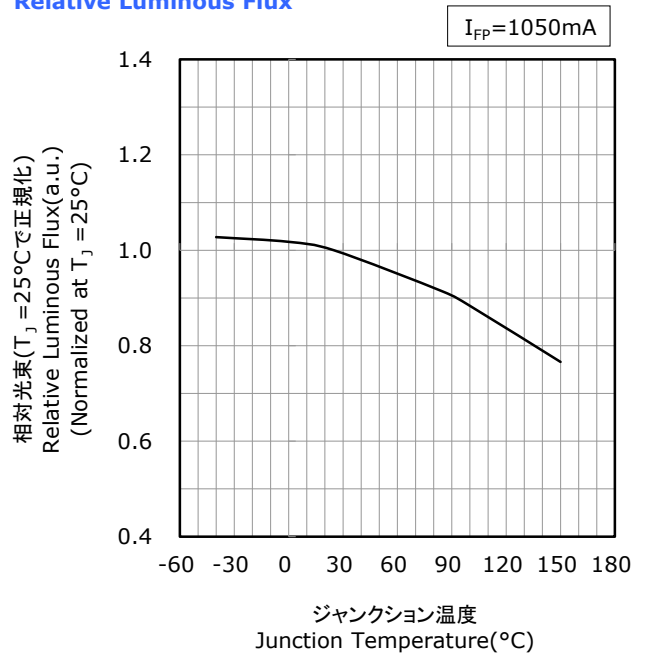
ジャンクション温度-順電圧特性  
Junction Temperature vs  
Forward Voltage



順電流-相対光束特性  
Forward Current vs  
Relative Luminous Flux



ジャンクション温度-相対光束特性  
Junction Temperature vs  
Relative Luminous Flux



\* 本特性は色度ランクsm27x、sm30x、sm35x、sm40x、sm45x(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)、演色性ランクR8000 に対応しています。

The graphs above show the characteristics for sm27x, sm30x, sm35x, sm40x, sm45x, R8000 LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.

# FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

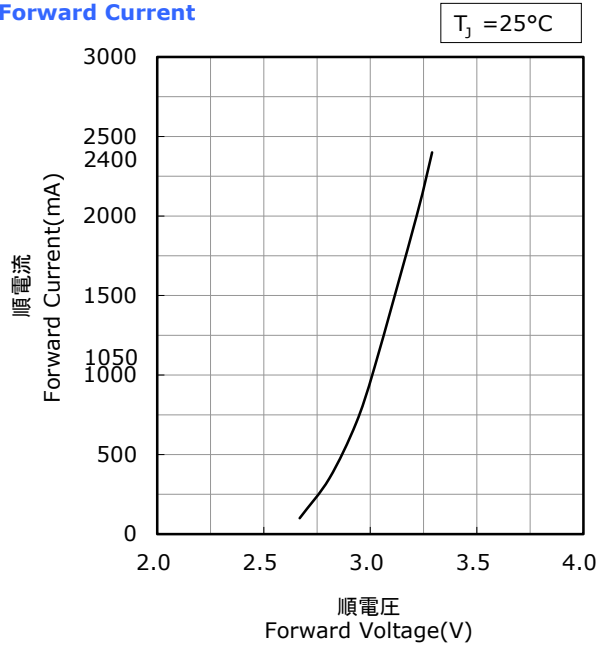
\* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

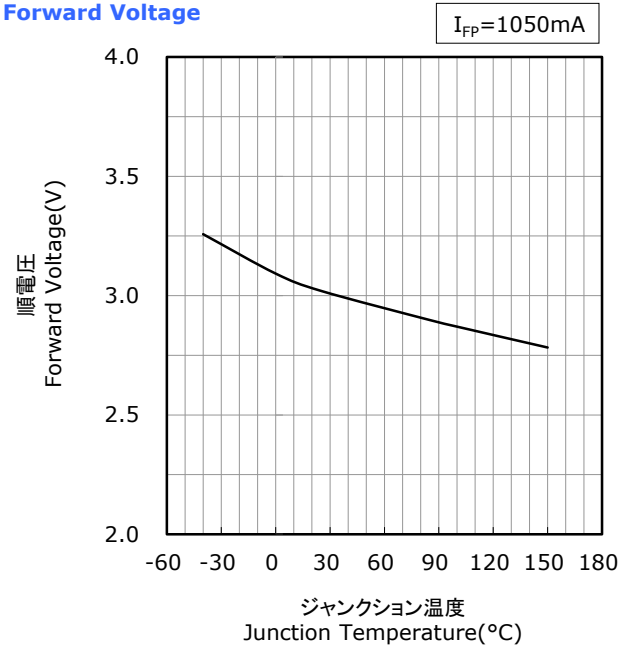
NVSW309A

管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10273

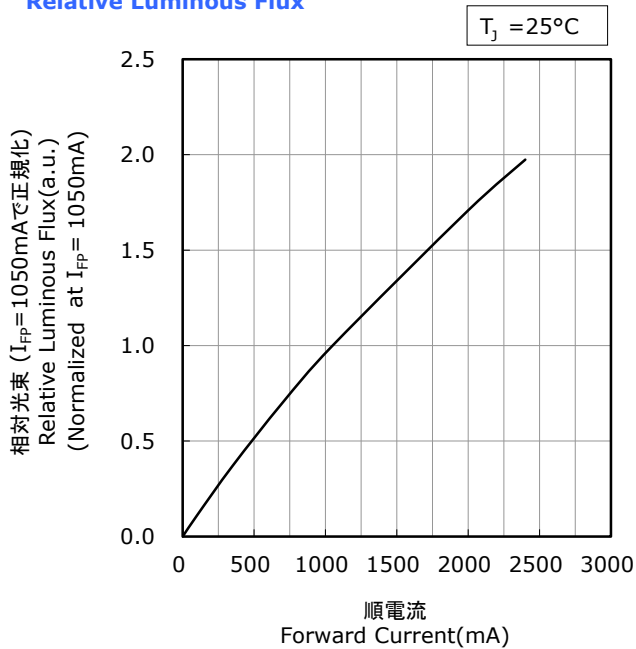
順電圧-順電流特性  
Forward Voltage vs  
Forward Current



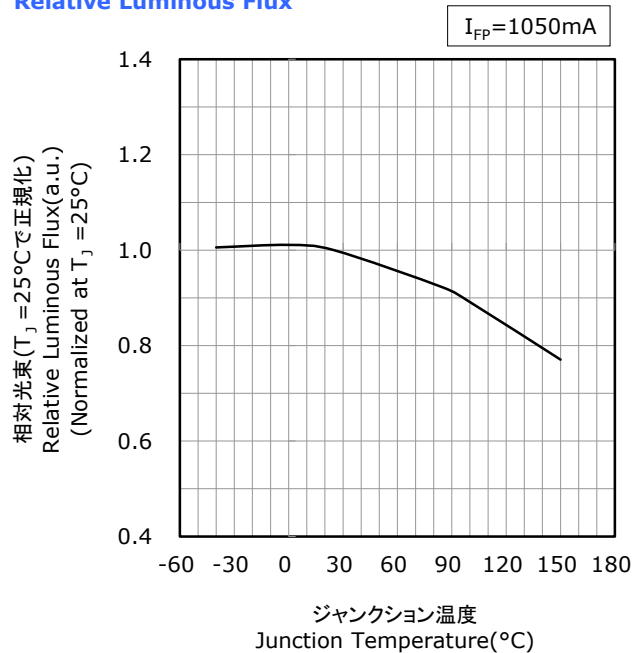
ジャンクション温度-順電圧特性  
Junction Temperature vs  
Forward Voltage



順電流-相対光束特性  
Forward Current vs  
Relative Luminous Flux



ジャンクション温度-相対光束特性  
Junction Temperature vs  
Relative Luminous Flux



\* 本特性は色度ランクsm65x、sm57x、sm50x(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)、演色性ランクR70 に対応しています。

The graphs above show the characteristics for sm65x, sm57x, sm50x, R70 LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.

# FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

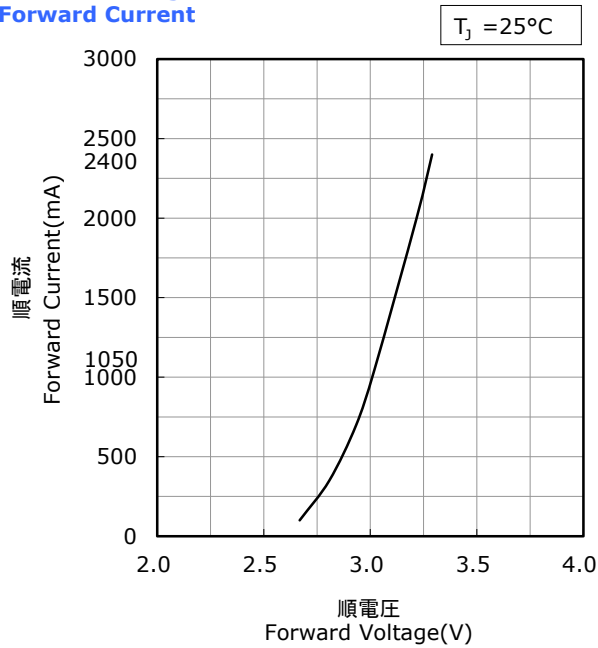
\* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

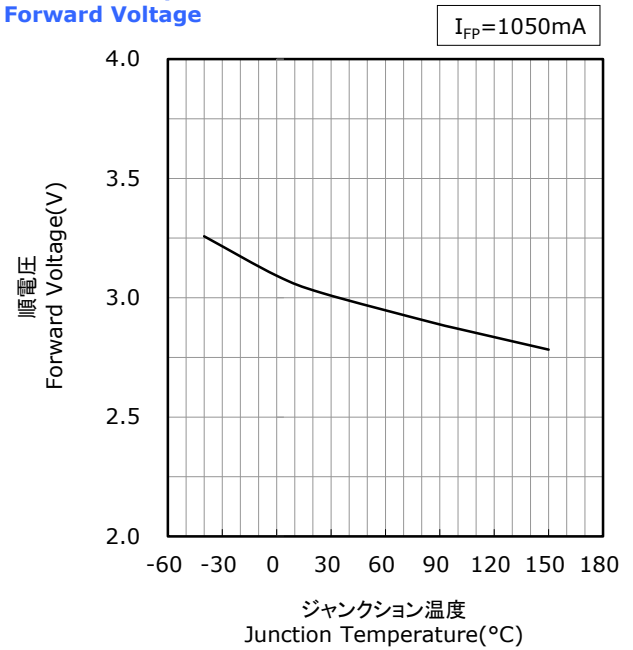
NVSW309A

管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10274

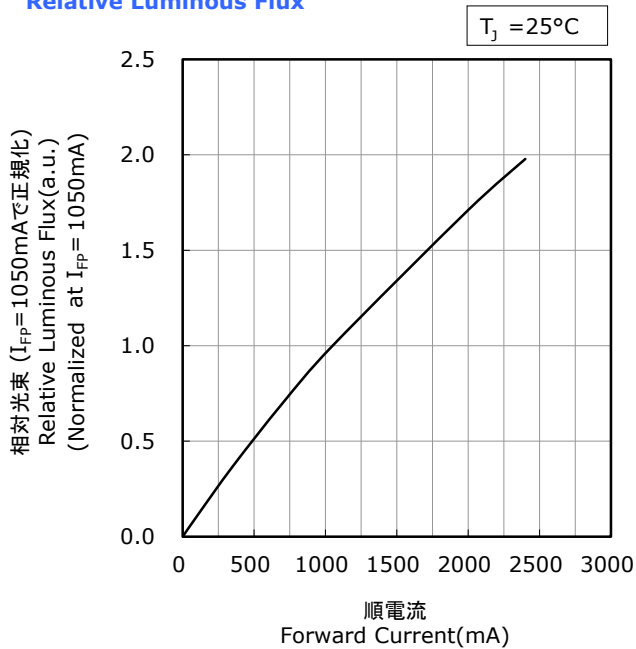
順電圧-順電流特性  
Forward Voltage vs  
Forward Current



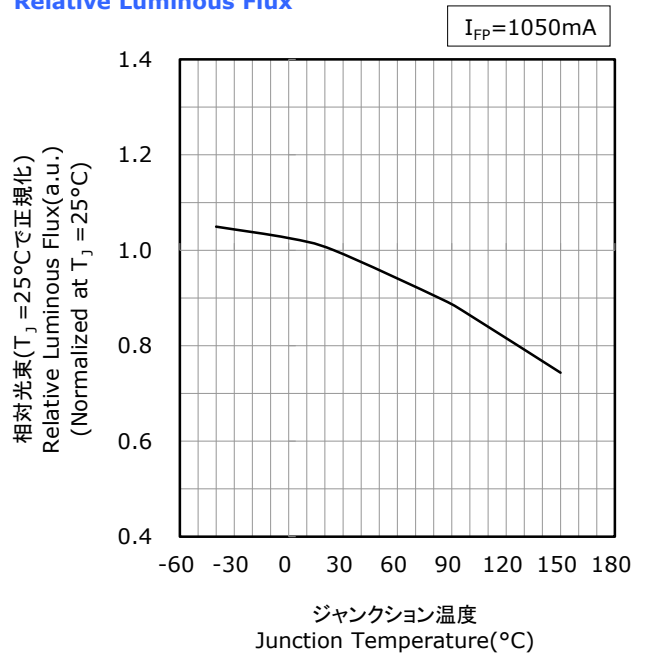
ジャンクション温度-順電圧特性  
Junction Temperature vs  
Forward Voltage



順電流-相対光束特性  
Forward Current vs  
Relative Luminous Flux



ジャンクション温度-相対光束特性  
Junction Temperature vs  
Relative Luminous Flux



\* 本特性は色度ランクsm50x(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)、演色性ランクR8000 に対応しています。

The graphs above show the characteristics for sm50x, R8000 LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.

## FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

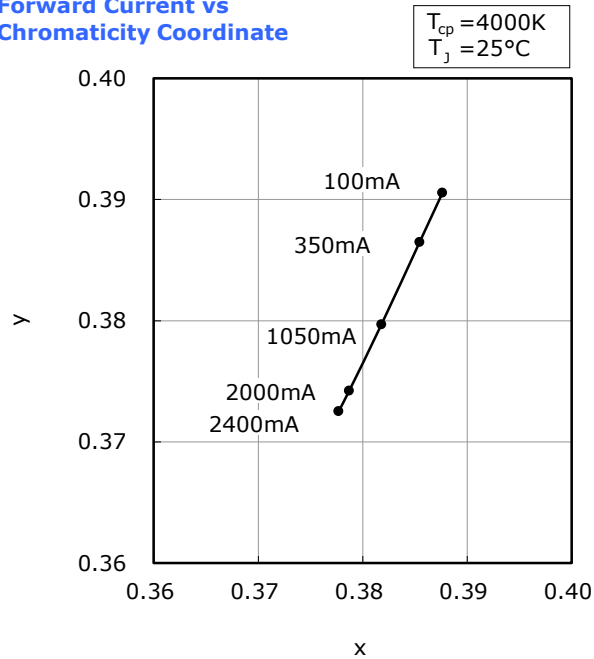
\* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

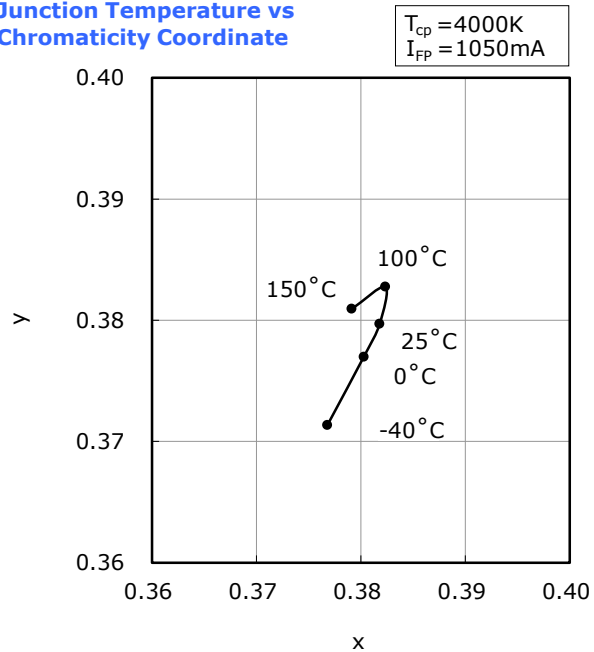
NVSW309A

管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10275A

順電流-色度 特性  
Forward Current vs  
Chromaticity Coordinate



ジャンクション温度-色度 特性  
Junction Temperature vs  
Chromaticity Coordinate



\* 本特性は演色性ランクR70に対応しています。

The graphs above show the characteristics for R70 LEDs of this product.

# FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

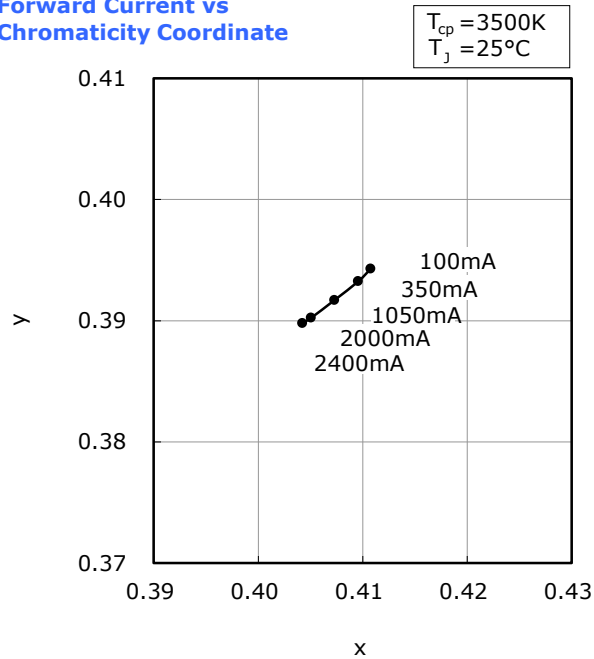
\* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

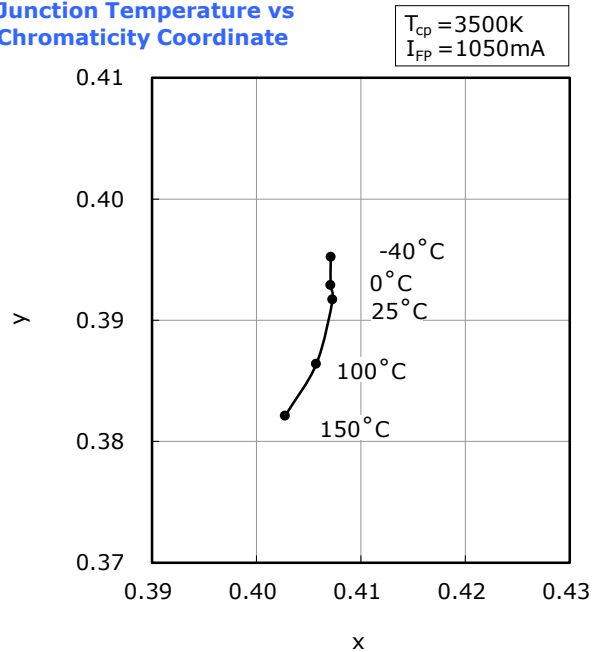
NVSW309A

管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10276A

順電流-色度 特性  
Forward Current vs  
Chromaticity Coordinate



ジャンクション温度-色度 特性  
Junction Temperature vs  
Chromaticity Coordinate



\* 本特性は演色性ランクR8000に対応しています。

The graphs above show the characteristics for R8000 LEDs of this product.

## FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

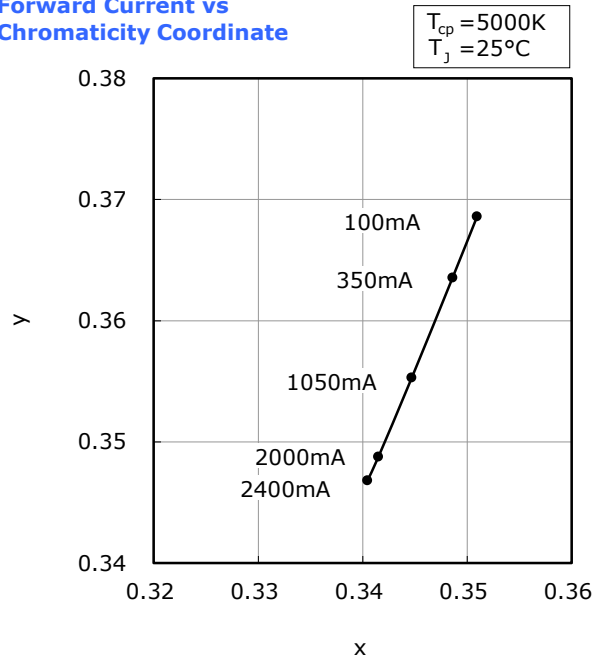
\* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

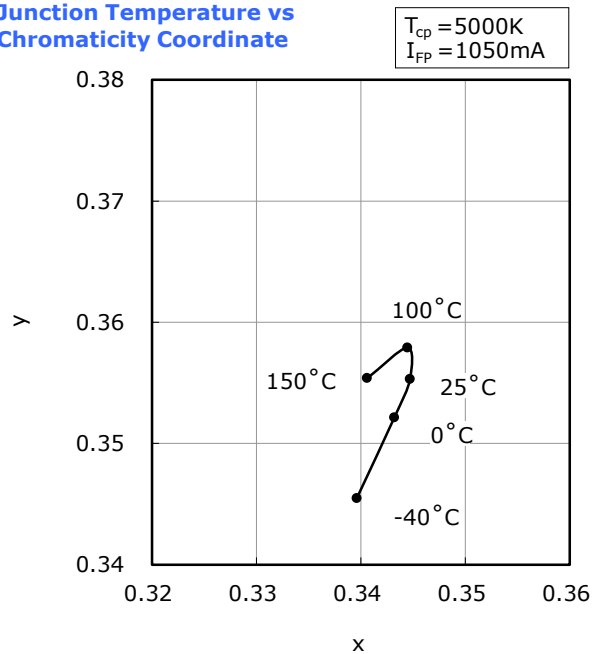
NVSW309A

管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10277A

順電流-色度 特性  
Forward Current vs  
Chromaticity Coordinate



ジャンクション温度-色度 特性  
Junction Temperature vs  
Chromaticity Coordinate



\* 本特性は演色性ランクR70に対応しています。

The graphs above show the characteristics for R70 LEDs of this product.

# FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

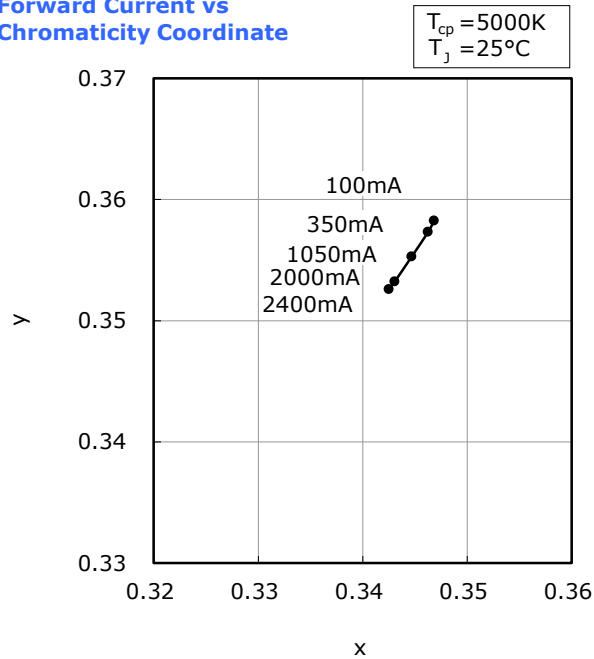
\* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

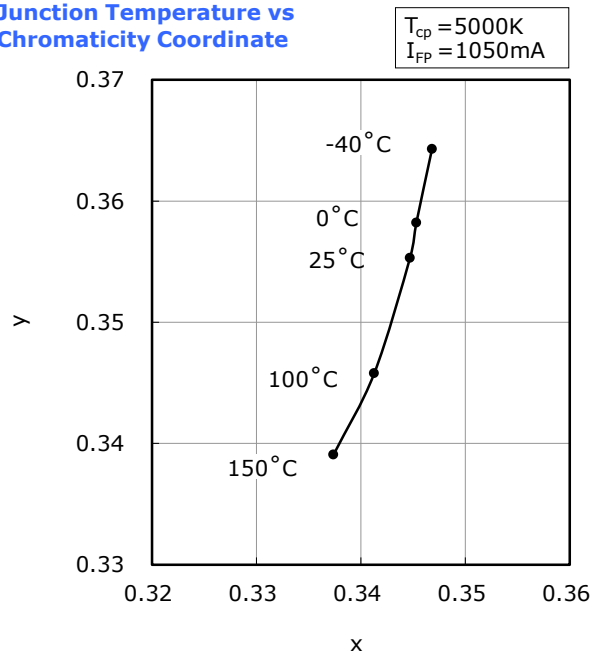
NVSW309A

管理番号 No. STS-DA7-10278A

順電流-色度 特性  
Forward Current vs  
Chromaticity Coordinate



ジャンクション温度-色度 特性  
Junction Temperature vs  
Chromaticity Coordinate



\* 本特性は演色性ランクR8000に対応しています。

The graphs above show the characteristics for R8000 LEDs of this product.

## RELIABILITY

### (1) Tests and Results

| Test                                            | Reference Standard     | Test Conditions                                                                                                                                   | Test Duration | Failure Criteria # | Units Failed/Tested |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Resistance to Soldering Heat (Reflow Soldering) | JEITA ED-4701 300 301  | $T_{\text{slid}}=260^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 10sec, 2reflows, Precondition: $30^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 70%RH, 168hr                                        |               | #1                 | 0/22                |
| Solderability (Reflow Soldering)                | JEITA ED-4701 303 303A | $T_{\text{slid}}=245\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 5sec, Lead-free Solder(Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu)                                                               |               | #2                 | 0/22                |
| Temperature Cycle                               | JEITA ED-4701 100 105  | $-40^{\circ}\text{C}(30\text{min})\sim 25^{\circ}\text{C}(5\text{min})\sim 100^{\circ}\text{C}(30\text{min})\sim 25^{\circ}\text{C}(5\text{min})$ | 100cycles     | #1                 | 0/22                |
| Moisture Resistance (Cyclic)                    | JEITA ED-4701 200 203  | $25^{\circ}\text{C}\sim 65^{\circ}\text{C}\sim -10^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 90%RH, 24hr per cycle                                                       | 10cycles      | #1                 | 0/22                |
| High Temperature Storage                        | JEITA ED-4701 200 201  | $T_A=100^{\circ}\text{C}$                                                                                                                         | 1000hours     | #1                 | 0/22                |
| Temperature Humidity Storage                    | JEITA ED-4701 100 103  | $T_A=60^{\circ}\text{C}$ , RH=90%                                                                                                                 | 1000hours     | #1                 | 0/22                |
| Low Temperature Storage                         | JEITA ED-4701 200 202  | $T_A=-40^{\circ}\text{C}$                                                                                                                         | 1000hours     | #1                 | 0/22                |
| Room Temperature Operating Life                 |                        | $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $I_F=1200\text{mA}$<br>Test board: See NOTES below                                                                     | 1000hours     | #1                 | 0/22                |
| High Temperature Operating Life                 |                        | $T_A=100^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $I_F=400\text{mA}$<br>Test board: See NOTES below                                                                     | 1000hours     | #1                 | 0/22                |
| Temperature Humidity Operating Life             |                        | $60^{\circ}\text{C}$ , RH=90%, $I_F=800\text{mA}$<br>Test board: See NOTES below                                                                  | 500hours      | #1                 | 0/22                |
| Low Temperature Operating Life                  |                        | $T_A=-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $I_F=1050\text{mA}$<br>Test board: See NOTES below                                                                    | 1000hours     | #1                 | 0/22                |
| Vibration                                       | JEITA ED-4701 400 403  | $200\text{m/s}^2$ , $100\sim 2000\sim 100\text{Hz}$ , 4cycles, 4min, each X, Y, Z                                                                 | 48minutes     | #1                 | 0/10                |
| Electrostatic Discharges                        | JEITA ED-4701 300 304  | HBM, 2kV, 1.5k $\Omega$ , 100pF, 3pulses, alternately positive or negative                                                                        |               | #1                 | 0/22                |

#### NOTES:

- 1) Test board: FR4 board thickness=1.6mm, copper layer thickness=0.07mm,  $R_{\theta JA}\approx 20^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
- 2) Measurements are performed after allowing the LEDs to return to room temperature.

### (2) Failure Criteria

| Criteria # | Items                     | Conditions          | Failure Criteria                  |
|------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| #1         | Forward Voltage( $V_F$ )  | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | $>\text{Initial value}\times 1.1$ |
|            | Luminous Flux( $\Phi_V$ ) | $I_F=1050\text{mA}$ | $<\text{Initial value}\times 0.7$ |
| #2         | Solderability             | -                   | Less than 95% solder coverage     |

## CAUTIONS

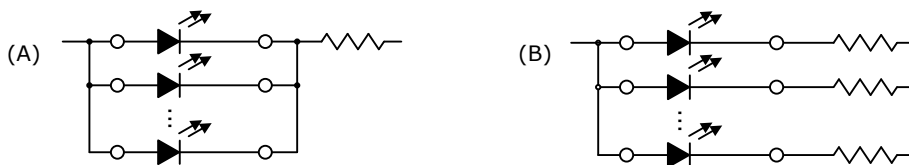
### (1) Storage

| Conditions |                             | Temperature                | Humidity             | Time                             |
|------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Storage    | Before Opening Aluminum Bag | $\leq 30^{\circ}\text{C}$  | $\leq 90\%\text{RH}$ | Within 1 Year from Delivery Date |
|            | After Opening Aluminum Bag  | $\leq 30^{\circ}\text{C}$  | $\leq 70\%\text{RH}$ | $\leq 168\text{hours}$           |
| Baking     |                             | $65 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ | -                    | $\geq 24\text{hours}$            |

- Product complies with JEDEC MSL 3 or equivalent. See IPC/JEDEC STD-020 for moisture-sensitivity details.
- Absorbed moisture in LED packages can vaporize and expand during soldering, which can cause interface delamination and result in optical performance degradation. Products are packed in moisture-proof aluminum bags to minimize moisture absorption during transportation and storage.  
Included silica gel desiccants change from blue to red if moisture had penetrated bags.
- After opening the moisture-proof aluminum bag, the products should go through the soldering process within the range of the conditions stated above. Unused remaining LEDs should be stored with silica gel desiccants in a hermetically sealed container, preferably the original moisture-proof bags for storage.
- After the "Period After Opening" storage time has been exceeded or silica gel desiccants are no longer blue, the products should be baked. Baking should only be done once.
- Although the leads or electrode pads (anode and cathode) of the product are plated with gold, prolonged exposure to a corrosive environment might cause the gold plated the leads or electrode pads to tarnish, and thus leading to difficulties in soldering. If unused LEDs remain, they must be stored in a hermetically sealed container. Nichia recommends using the original moisture-proof bag for storage.
- Do not use sulfur-containing materials in commercial products. Some materials, such as seals and adhesives, may contain sulfur. The contaminated plating of LEDs might cause an open circuit. Silicone rubber is recommended as a material for seals. Bear in mind, the use of silicones may lead to silicone contamination of electrical contacts inside the products, caused by low molecular weight volatile siloxane.
- To prevent water condensation, please avoid large temperature and humidity fluctuations for the storage conditions.
- Do not store the LEDs in a dusty environment.
- Do not expose the LEDs to direct sunlight and/or an environment where the temperature is higher than normal room temperature.

### (2) Directions for Use

- When designing a circuit, the current through each LED must not exceed the Absolute Maximum Rating. Operating at a constant current per LED is recommended. In case of operating at a constant voltage, Circuit B is recommended. If the LEDs are operated with constant voltage using Circuit A, the current through the LEDs may vary due to the variation in Forward Voltage characteristics of the LEDs.



- This product should be operated using forward current. Ensure that the product is not subjected to either forward or reverse voltage while it is not in use. In particular, subjecting it to continuous reverse voltage may cause migration, which may cause damage to the LED die. When used in displays that are not used for a long time, the main power supply should be switched off for safety.
- It is recommended to operate the LEDs at a current greater than 10% of the sorting current to stabilize the LED characteristics.
- Ensure that excessive voltages such as lightning surges are not applied to the LEDs.
- For outdoor use, necessary measures should be taken to prevent water, moisture and salt air damage.

### (3) Handling Precautions

- Do not handle the LEDs with bare hands as it will contaminate the LED surface and may affect the optical characteristics: it might cause the LED to be deformed and/or the bump to break, which will cause the LED not to illuminate.
- When handling the product with tweezers, be careful not to apply excessive force to the resin.  
Otherwise, The resin can be cut, chipped, delaminate or deformed, causing bump-bond breaks and catastrophic failures.
- Dropping the product may cause damage.
- Do not stack assembled PCBs together. Failure to comply can cause the resin portion of the product to be cut, chipped, delaminated and/or deformed. It may cause bump to break, leading to catastrophic failures.

### (4) Design Consideration

- PCB warpage after mounting the products onto a PCB can cause the package to break.  
The LED should be placed in a way to minimize the stress on the LEDs due to PCB bow and twist.
- The position and orientation of the LEDs affect how much mechanical stress is exerted on the LEDs placed near the score lines.  
The LED should be placed in a way to minimize the stress on the LEDs due to board flexing.
- Board separation must be performed using special jigs, not using hands.
- If an aluminum PCB is used, customer is advised to verify the PCB with the products before use.  
Thermal stress during use can cause the solder joints to crack.
- Volatile organic compounds that have been released from materials present around the LEDs (e.g. housing, packing, adhesive, secondary lens, lens cover, etc.) may penetrate LED lens and/or internal pre-coating resin.  
If the LEDs are being used in a hermetically sealed environment, these volatile compounds can discolor after being exposed to heat and/or photon energy and it may greatly reduce the LED light output and/or cause a color shift.  
In this case, ventilating the environment may improve the reduction in light output and/or color shift.  
Perform a light-up test of the chosen application for optical evaluation to ensure that there are no issues, especially if the LEDs are planned to be used in a hermetically sealed environment.

### (5) Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

- The products are sensitive to static electricity or surge voltage. ESD can damage a die and its reliability.  
When handling the products, the following measures against electrostatic discharge are strongly recommended:  
Eliminating the charge  
Grounded wrist strap, ESD footwear, clothes, and floors  
Grounded workstation equipment and tools  
ESD table/shelf mat made of conductive materials
- Ensure that tools (e.g. soldering irons), jigs and machines that are being used are properly grounded and that proper grounding techniques are used in work areas. For devices/equipment that mount the LEDs, protection against surge voltages should also be used.
- If tools or equipment contain insulating materials such as glass or plastic, the following measures against electrostatic discharge are strongly recommended:  
Dissipating static charge with conductive materials  
Preventing charge generation with moisture  
Neutralizing the charge with ionizers
- The customer is advised to check if the LEDs are damaged by ESD  
when performing the characteristics inspection of the LEDs in the application.  
Damage can be detected with a forward voltage measurement or a light-up test at low current ( $\leq 1\text{mA}$ ).
- ESD damaged LEDs may have current flow at a low voltage or no longer illuminate at a low current.  
Failure Criteria:  $V_F < 2.0\text{V}$  at  $I_F = 0.5\text{mA}$

## (6) Thermal Management

- Proper thermal management is an important when designing products with LEDs. LED die temperature is affected by PCB thermal resistance and LED spacing on the board. Please design products in a way that the LED die temperature does not exceed the maximum Junction Temperature ( $T_J$ ).
- Drive current should be determined for the surrounding ambient temperature ( $T_A$ ) to dissipate the heat from the product.
- The following equations can be used to calculate the junction temperature of the products.

$$1) T_J = T_A + R_{\theta JA} \cdot W \quad 2) T_J = T_S + R_{\theta JS} \cdot W$$

\* $T_J$ =LED junction temperature: °C

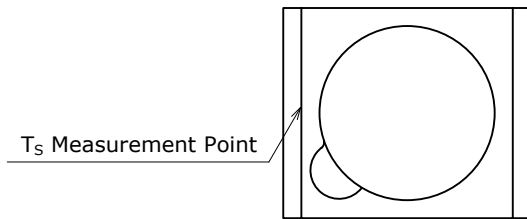
$T_A$ =Ambient temperature: °C

$T_S$ =Soldering temperature (cathode side): °C

$R_{\theta JA}$ =Thermal resistance from junction to ambient: °C/W

$R_{\theta JS}$ =Thermal resistance from junction to  $T_S$  measurement point: °C/W

$W$ =Input power( $I_F \times V_F$ ): W



## (7) Cleaning

- The LEDs should not be cleaned with water, benzine, and/or thinner.
- If required, isopropyl alcohol (IPA) should be used. Other solvents may cause premature failure to the LEDs due to the damage to the resin portion. The effects of such solvents should be verified prior to use. In addition, the use of CFCs such as Freon is heavily regulated.
- When dust and/or dirt adheres to the LEDs, soak a cloth with Isopropyl alcohol (IPA), then squeeze it before wiping the LEDs.
- Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended since it may have adverse effects on the LEDs depending on the ultrasonic power and how LED is assembled. If ultrasonic cleaning must be used, the customer is advised to make sure the LEDs will not be damaged prior to cleaning.

## (8) Eye Safety

- In 2006, the International Electrical Commission (IEC) published IEC 62471:2006 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems, which added LEDs in its scope. On the other hand, the IEC 60825-1:2007 laser safety standard removed LEDs from its scope. However, please be advised that some countries and regions have adopted standards based on the IEC laser safety standard IEC 60825-1:2011/2001, which still includes LEDs in its scope. Most of Nichia's LEDs can be classified as belonging into either the Exempt Group or Risk Group 1. High-power LEDs, that emit light containing blue wavelengths, may be classified as Risk Group 2. Please proceed with caution when viewing directly any LEDs driven at high current, or viewing LEDs with optical instruments which may greatly increase the damages to your eyes.
- Viewing a flashing light may cause eye discomfort. When incorporating the LED into your product, please be careful to avoid adverse effects on the human body caused by light stimulation.

## (9) Others

- This product is intended to be used for general lighting, household appliances, electronic devices (e.g. mobile communication devices); it is not designed or manufactured for use in applications that require safety critical functions (e.g. aircraft, automobiles, combustion equipment, life support systems, nuclear reactor control system, safety devices, spacecraft, submarine repeaters, traffic control equipment, trains, vessels, etc.). If the LEDs are planned to be used for these applications, unless otherwise detailed in the specification, Nichia will neither guarantee that the product is fit for that purpose nor be responsible for any resulting property damage, injuries and/or loss of life/health.

This product does not comply with ISO/TS 16949 and is not intended for automotive applications.

- The customer shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without having prior written consent from Nichia. When defective LEDs are found, the customer shall inform Nichia directly before disassembling or analysis.
- The specifications and appearance of this product may change without notice;  
Nichia does not guarantee the contents of this specification. Both the customer and Nichia will agree on the official specifications of supplied products before the volume production of a program begins.